

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

By Thomas Farley

Revision 004, October 4, 2019. Minor additions, interactive table of contents previewed

<https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound> (more good stuff!)

[thomasfarley@fastmail.com](mailto:thomasfarley@fastmail.com) (comments, corrections, and additions wanted!)

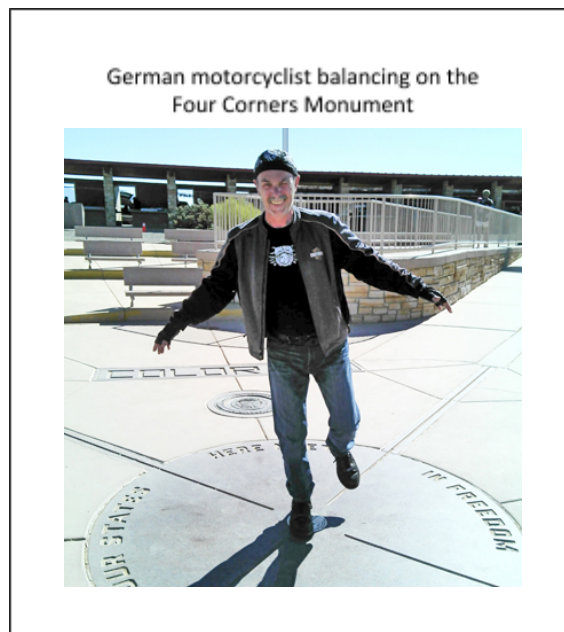
These are places I visited or were recommended to me while traveling in the Southwest for my book. I mostly visited rock related places and ground open to collecting.

Weather wise, October may be the best time to travel the Southwest, followed by May.

It is impractical to visit every place you want to go because day after day you will find certain stores, mines, and museums closed.

Traveling Monday through Thursday is especially tough, my advice is to prospect or collect on those days and then try to visit businesses and museums closer to the weekend.

You will have to return to the Southwest to visit places closed on your first travel. I envy you.



By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Here's what this document will eventually look like. A bookmarked and hyperlinked .pdf that will let you navigate the contents with ease. This will take a few months to complete.

## Table of Contents

### State Chapters

[Arizona](#)

[California \(Southern\)](#)

[Colorado \(Southern\)](#)

[Nevada \(Southern\)](#)

[New Mexico](#)

[Utah \(Southern\)](#)

### Rock and Gift Shops by State

Arizona

[Sunshine Gallery and Gifts – St. David](#)

[Meteor Crater Gift Shop – Outside of Winslow](#)

[Rock-a-Buy - Duncan](#)

California (Southern)

[The Collector – Fallbrook](#)

[Desert Discoveries Rock Shop - Boron](#)

[Diamond Pacific - Barstow](#)

[Fallbrook Gem and Mineral Society - Fallbrook](#)

[Minerals Unlimited - Ridgecrest](#)

Colorado (Southern)

[San Juan Gems - Cortez](#)

Nevada (Southern)

[Rock Chuck - Schurz](#)

New Mexico

### Fee Digs, Tours, and Appointment Necessary Visiting

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

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## **Arizona (and one exception in Utah) [\[back to top\]](#)**

James Mitchell's Gem Trails of Arizona is dated but essential.

Anyone traveling extensively off-pavement in Arizona should get an Arizona State Trust Land Permit. \$15.00 for an individual. Rockhounding on Arizona State Trust Land is prohibited but stopping at any point on these lands constitutes a "use" and that use demands a permit. Determining where these properties exist while driving is impractical, most are managed grazing land outside of small towns or settlements. Rather than guess, it may be easier just to get a permit.

<https://land.az.gov>

## **Washington County (Utah)**

BLM Arizona Strip Office  
345 E Riverside Dr.  
St. George, UT 84790  
435-688-3200

37°04.986' N 113°34.611' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/arizona-strip-district-office>

This office is physically present in Utah but manages Arizona land. They manage the Grand Canyon's North Rim, a no collecting area, and the Virgin River Recreation Management Area in northwest Arizona, a noted rockhound area. The office has some nice rock and mineral displays. On my last visit they requested that I fill out a rockhound permit when I asked about collecting areas. This form applied to casual use, not commercial operations which is usually what demands a permit. Many BLM and USFS offices act as their own fiefdoms, drawing up practices and procedures to fit their particular area.

## **Apache County (St. Johns)**

Petrified Forest National Park (Apache and Navajo Counties)  
1 Park Road, AZ  
928-524-6228

34°48.016' N 109°53.120' W (First Entrance)

34°48.923' N 109°51.941' W (Rainbow Forest Museum)

<https://www.nps.gov/pefo/index.htm>

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

A must stop with no collecting permitted.

Petrified wood here exhibits brilliant colors of white, red, brown, black, purple, and blue from trace elements. The vast amount of petrified wood here resulted from a logjam of trees which occurred in an ancient river in the Late Triassic Period, some 200 million years ago.

The Painted Desert Inn Visitor Center's lower floor reveals how the building was constructed with petrified tree logs.

The Petrified Forest National Park stretches north and south between Interstate 40 and Highway 180, with an entrance at each end. Near the south entrance is a fee-dig site for petrified wood. This is the DoBell Ranch, listed further under entries for Navajo County.

The Navajo Nation Museum and Library  
Highway 264 and Loop Road  
Window Rock, AZ 86515

Mailing Address:  
P.O. Box 1840  
Window Rock, Arizona 86515  
928-871-7941

35°39.843' N 109°03.308' W

<http://navajopeople.org/nnm/>

The Navajo Nation Museum and Library is located in Window Rock, Arizona. Despite its name, the Museum is located in Apache County. This facility has historic jewelry fashioned by native people. Jewelry sold at the gift shop is done by American Indians, some sourced from local and Southwest material.

Apache-Sitgreaves National Forests  
Supervisor's Office  
30 S. Chiricahua Drive  
Springerville, AZ 85938  
928-333-6280

34°07.912' N 109°16.507' W

Two woodlands managed as a single forest. This East-Central Arizona territory looks like an upside-down "L". The forest covers parts of Coconino, Navajo, Apache, and Greenlee counties, some 2.76 million acres. These are two Apache-Sitgreaves Ranger Districts in Apache County:

Springerville Ranger District

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165 S. Mountain Ave.  
Springerville, AZ 85938  
928-333-6200

34°07.868' N 109°17.261' W

<https://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/asnf/home/?cid=stelprdb5211223>

Alpine Ranger District  
42634 Hwy. 180/191  
Alpine, AZ 85920  
928-339-5000

33°50.958' N 109°08.823' W

<https://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/asnf/home/?cid=stelprdb5211181>

### **Cochise County (Bisbee)**

Sunshine Gallery and Gifts  
1313 North Highway 80  
St. David, Arizona, 85630

520-586-4560

31°55.770' N 110°16.865' W

[marieluetcke@hughes.net](mailto:marieluetcke@hughes.net)

Destination rock shop, if not for the rocks and minerals, then for Rolf himself. Rolf is a mineral authority with vast personal and professional experience. His fascination with everything rock related began in Germany when he was nine. He knows all about the Bisbee area and Tombstone. Plan a trip. Tell him Thomas said “Hi” and that I plan on visiting soon.

No shop website

Full description at my rockhounding website:

<https://southwestrockhounding.com/2019/04/01/a-destination-rock-shop-opens-in-arizona/>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

Bisbee Mining & Historical Museum  
No. 5 Copper Queen Plaza  
Bisbee, Arizona 85603

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

520-432-7071

31°26.537' N 109°54.969' W

<https://bisbeemuseum.org/bm-museum.aspx>

Bisbee was known as the “Queen of the Copper Camps”. It lies in southeast Arizona, a world class location noted for copper and a variety of other minerals. Occupying a historical mining setting, the museum complex features exhibits and an underground mine tour. Read more about Bisbee’s copper connection in the August, 2019 edition of Rock&Gem Magazine.

BLM Safford Field Office and BLM New Mexico’s Las Cruces Field Office  
711 S 14th Ave.  
Safford, AZ 85546  
928-348-4400

32°49.926' N 109°43.446' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/safford-field-office>

BLM’s Safford Field Office manages areas in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee and Pinal, Counties.

### **Coconino County (Flagstaff)**

Grand Canyon National Park  
South Rim  
Grand Canyon, AZ 86023  
928-638-7888

36°03.558' N 112°06.583' W (South Rim Visitor Center)

<https://www.nps.gov/grca/index.htm>

One of the great natural wonders of the world. A UNESCO World Heritage site. “Unique combinations of geologic color and erosional forms decorate a canyon that is 277 river miles long, up to 18 miles wide, and a mile deep. Grand Canyon overwhelms our senses through its immense size.” Viewable from sites at both North and South Rims as well as Grand Canyon East and West.

Grand Canyon – Parashant National Monument (North Rim)  
Public Lands Information Center  
345 East Riverside Drive  
St. George, UT 84790  
435-688-3200

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36°11.958' N 112°03.153' W (North Rim Visitor Center)

The North Rim has many overlooks at the end of challenging, lengthy 4WD roads. Seasonal road closures. No services. Permits required for overnight stays. Inquire at the Public Lands Information Center in St. George, which also doubles as BLM's Arizona Field Strip District Office. No collecting allowed. The North Rim visitor center is open May 15th through October 15th.

Museum of Northern Arizona  
3101 North Fort Valley Road  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
928-774-5213

35°14.094' N 111°39.934' W

<https://musnaz.org/>

“Celebrating the Colorado Plateau.” A must stop for anyone visiting Flagstaff and beyond. The 1935 building is a beautiful work of art and geology. Its walls are principally malpais basalt fieldstone and its interior courtyard and many paths are lined with native sandstone pavers. A geology collection of note, with many mineral, rock and meteorite samples.

Downtown Flagstaff  
Flagstaff Visitor Center  
1 East Route 66  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
928-213-2951

35°11.860' N 111°39.098' W

Walking Tour of Flagstaff's Downtown Stone Buildings

Self-guided tour. Recommended book: Stone Landmarks: Flagstaff's Geology and Historic Building Stones by Marie D. Jackson. Piedra Azul Press. 1999. Available used through ABE.com and other online used book dealers. May be available in town at Starrlight (sic) Books. Call ahead. 928-774-6813.

Flagstaff's stone buildings are to that city what Victorians are to San Francisco. Here, a rockhound can look and touch a variety of materials while visiting a colorful and historic downtown. Building stones are all local. They include moenkopi sandstone, malpais basalt, kaibab limestone, and olivine laced basaltic lava. The Babbitt building, a highlight of the walking tour, was built of what Jackson calls pumiceous dacite, “a frothy, silica rich volcanic rock” produced by an explosive eruption from nearby Mount Eden a half a million years ago.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

This downtown tour enlarges on the experience one will have at the Museum of Northern Arizona and at the Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument. Parking is limited in the downtown district and card-based meters are in effect. The visitor center does provide 30 minutes of free parking, allowing enough time to at least see nearby Leroux Street, which has three buildings featured in the book.

Downtown Flagstaff  
Flagstaff Visitor Center  
1 East Route 66  
Flagstaff, AZ 86001  
928-213-2951

35°11.860' N 111°39.098' W

Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument  
6082 Sunset Crater Road (Visitor Center)  
Flagstaff, AZ 86004

Mailing Address:  
Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument  
6400 U.S. 89  
Flagstaff, AZ 86004  
928-526-0502

35°22.149' N 111°32.610' W (Visitor Center)

<https://www.nps.gov/sucr/index.htm>

“Sunset Crater Volcano was born in a series of eruptions sometime between 1040 and 1100. Powerful explosions profoundly affected the lives of local people and forever changed the landscape and ecology of the area. Lava flows and cinders still look as fresh and rugged as the day they formed. But among dramatic geologic features, you'll find trees, wildflowers, and signs of wildlife – life returns.”

Meteor Crater, also known as Barringer Crater  
Interstate 40  
Winslow, AZ 86047  
800-289-5898

35°01.633' N 111°01.350' W (Visitor Center)

Five miles off I-40 on Meteor Crater Road, past the RV Park.

## Driving Directions

From Flagstaff, AZ: Head east on I-40 about 35 miles. Take the Meteor Crater Road exit (exit 233) and turn right. Drive about five miles to the Visitor Center parking lot.

From Winslow, AZ: Head west on I-40 about 18 miles. Take the Meteor Crater Road exit (exit 233) and turn left. Again, drive about five miles and you will come to the parking lot.

Admission required. Pay whatever they want, it is worth it.

The Meteor Crater may be America's greatest natural wonder in private hands. Highly recommended. It is awesome to behold such a sight. While inside viewing is provided behind a panoramic sheet of glass, the best experience is outdoors in the sun and wind. Walking tours of the crater's rim are also available, enquire before visiting. Photographers should bring a tripod in case they want to take panoramic shots of the crater. Which they will want to do.

The crater's interior is only viewable from platforms accessed by paying an admission fee at the Visitor Center. That fee includes entrance to their well-done museum featuring displays about meteorites and asteroids. There are also exhibits on space, the solar system and comets. A gift shop also exists, however, be careful about buying any rock labeled as a meteorite or meteorite related. Demand authenticating paperwork.

The Meteoritical Society, a group of academics, earth science professionals, and enthusiastic amateurs, prefers to call The Meteor Crater by another name. They use the title Barringer Crater, in honor of Daniel Barringer. He labored for decades to prove that the crater was the result of a meteor and not a volcano.

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

## **Gila County (Globe)**

### Diamond Rim Quartz Collecting Site (USFS) Near Payson

Diamond Rim is near Payson in the Tonto National Forest. It is located on the Tonto National Forest Map, but the best way to get there is to collect directions from multiple sources.

Get to Tonto Village before going further. Diamond Rim is on USFS Road 65, but the access road to 65 goes by many names: Forest Road 64, Fire Control Road, Control Road, and Tonto Village Road. When they are open, the Payson USFS Ranger District Office in Payson may help with directions. The Tonto National Forest produced by the USFS is comically big, nearly four feet wide, but invaluable.

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Collecting rules are posted at the site. Surface collecting only for most of the year. Digging is allowed from October 1<sup>st</sup> until February 28<sup>th</sup>, when the ground is often snow-covered.

Mindat.org supplied coordinate:

34°17.250' N 111°11.533' W

USFS

Payson Ranger District  
1009 E. Hwy 260  
Payson, Arizona 85541  
928-474-7900

34°14.538' N 111°18.361' W

Gila County Historical Museum  
1330 North Broad Street  
Globe, AZ 85501  
928-425-7385

33°24.592' N 110°47.720' W

<http://gilahistoricalmuseum.org>

“The Gila County Museum is in the old Mine Rescue Station, which was opened in 1920. As you walk through the Museum you will experience the workings of the Mine Rescue Station. From photographs to equipment, it is on display.”

Crick's Gems and Minerals  
549 W Ash Street  
Globe, AZ 85501

928-425-8217

33°23.406' N -110°47.270' W

Peridot Dreams  
Stevie Joey  
P.O. Box 539  
Peridot, AZ 85542

33°21.064' N 110°27.591' W

<http://www.peridotdreams.com>

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[peridotdreams.sj@gmail.com](mailto:peridotdreams.sj@gmail.com)

Apache tribal member Stevie Joey's has peridot claims on the San Carlos Reservation. Peridot is also known as gem grade olivine, a green stone thrown out of the earth by ancient tectonic activity. The coordinates listed mark San Carlos, not the claims themselves. Contact Stevie through his website to arrange a visit. He also sells beautiful jewelry as well as rough stones and cabs. Be patient when corresponding, he may be traveling to shows or working hard at his claim.

The town of Peridot is in southeastern Gila County and northwestern Graham County.

“Take stones and ashes and thorns, with some scorpions and rattlesnakes thrown it, dump the outfit on stones, heat the stones red hot, set the United States Army after the Apache, and you have San Carlos.” An unknown Apache of the time.<sup>1</sup>

### **Graham County (Safford)**

Peridot Dream Claims. See Gila County

Eastern Arizona Museum & Historical Society of Graham County, Inc.  
2 North Main  
Pima, AZ 85543

928-485-9400  
928-485-3032 (Alternative number)

A small but notable display of rocks, minerals, and ore. Open limited days.

<http://easternarizonamuseum.com>

Black Hills Rock Hound Area — BLM managed

Black Hills Rock Hound Area lies 17 miles north of Safford in the northern part of the Peloncillo Mountains. These mountains span Cochise, Graham and Greenlee Counties.

32°52.438' N 109°23.697' W

<https://www.blm.gov/visit/search-details/274360/1>

BLM

BLM's Safford Field Office manages areas in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee, and Pinal Counties. See their contact information under the Cochise County entry.

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<sup>1</sup> By the Editors of Time Life Books. People of the Desert. 1993. Alexandria, Virginia p. 159

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

### Greenlee County (Clifton)

Greenlee Historical Museum  
299 Chase Creek  
Clifton, AZ 85533  
928-865-3115

33°03.368' N 109°18.257' W

<http://visitcliftonaz.com/what-to-see/greenlee-historical-museum/#>

Early mining. Museum located in the Chase Creek Historical District.

Rock-A-Buy: Rocks and Gifts

809 SE Old West Highway  
Duncan, AZ 85534  
928-215-1641

32°42.791' N 109°05.921' W

<http://www.rockabuyrocksandgifts.com/>

Doug Barlow is the affable owner of this east-central Arizona rock shop. Fire agate is the big draw in this area and Doug will show you samples of what to look for. He will even provide a map of promising locations for anyone who comes into his shop and signs his guest book. The nearby Round Mountain Rockhound Area, listed below, is close and Doug has advice for anyone heading out. Ask, too, about Black Hills, another BLM rockhounding area. Call to make certain Barlow's shop will be open when you visit. He's a great guy. He gave me a piece of calcite he had named the "The Volcano." Gifted it, mind you. It glows beautifully under short wave. I treasure that piece.

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

Round Mountain Rockhound Area — BLM managed

BLM: 32°32.632' N 109°05.389' W  
Google Maps: 32°28.593' N 109°04.528' W

BLM directions: "From Highway 70 east of Safford approximately 50 miles, travel into New Mexico to just beyond milepost 5. Take the dirt access road on your right for 12 miles, following the signs to the Rockhound Area."

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<https://www.blm.gov/visit/round-mountain-rockhound-area>

BLM

BLM's Safford Field Office manages areas in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee, and Pinal Counties. See their contact information under the Cochise County entry.

### **La Paz County (Parker)**

Bouse Assay Office and Museum  
44362 East Main Street  
Bouse, AZ 85325  
928-851-2509

33°56.001' N 114°00.188' W

<http://www.bouseazchamber.com>

“There is a very small historical museum in Bouse that used to be the Assay Office and has rocks as well as mining items.” Diane Hilliard.

Quartzsite

Quartzsite comes alive in winter. January sees a gathering of rock, gem, and mineral collectors and sellers from all over the world. I've written about this extensively at my blog, <https://southwestrockhounding.com>. See you there in January.

Quartzsite Museum  
161 West Main St  
Quartzsite, AZ 85346  
928-927-5229

33°39.971' N 114°13.182' W

<https://www.visitarizona.com/business/quartzsite-museum>

Located in the Tysons Well Stage Station. Mining artifacts, assay office. Seasonal hours.

Hardies Beads & Jewelry  
1250 W. Main St  
Quartzsite, AZ 85346

928-927-6381

33°39.754' N 114°14.256' W

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

<http://hardiesonline.com>

Outstanding rock, gem, and mineral collection on display. Most material collected locally. Not many rocks for sale, mostly things bead related. A Quartzsite institution. Seasonal hours.

### Maricopa County (Phoenix)

Deer Valley Petroglyph Preserve Center for Archaeology and Society  
3711 W. Deer Valley Road  
Phoenix, AZ 85308  
623-582-8007

33°40.648 N 112°09.156' W

<https://shesc.asu.edu/dvpp>

Rock art! “The Deer Valley Petroglyph Preserve is an archaeology museum and 47-acre Sonoran Desert preserve, and home to the largest concentration of Native American petroglyphs in the Phoenix area.” Fee charged.

Huhugam Heritage Center  
21359 South Maricopa Road  
Chandler, AZ 85226  
520-796-3500

33°15.250' N 111°58.426' W

<http://www.grichhc.org/index.php/visit>

Natural history museum with AZ collections. “In the Ancestral Lands exhibit see the master work of our Huhugam ancestors: pottery, jewelry, carved stone bowls and tools.”

Four Peaks Mining Company  
9500 E Via De Ventura, Suite D-110  
Scottsdale AZ 85256  
480-434-6074

Retail, high end store. Amethyst mine owners.

33°33.355' N 111°52.621' W

<http://fourpeaksminingco.com/the-mine/>

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Arizona Museum of Natural History  
53 North Macdonald  
Mesa, AZ 85201  
480-644-2230

33°25.476' N 111°50.034' W

<http://arizonamuseumofnaturalhistory.org/home>

Special geology collections viewable by appointment, among them an Arizona Mine Collection, featuring mines primarily within a fifty-mile radius of Mesa. Museum as a whole excellent for children. Fee charged.

Arizona State University  
Interdisciplinary Science & Technology Building IV  
781 S Terrace Rd, Tempe, AZ 85287  
480-965-5081

33°25.095' N 111°55.703' W

Arizona State University R. S. Dietz Museum of Geology — no longer operating

An internet search for Arizona geology museums returns dozens of references to the R. S. Dietz Museum of Geology at ASU which no longer exists. Its collection is mostly in storage. Karin Valentine, Media Relations and Marketing Manager for Arizona State University, explains that while they are considering what to do with the collection, “Some pieces are on display in ISTB4 and in some of our other facilities, and we are working on displaying some of the rest in the newly renovated Bateman Physical Science Building F-wing. We hope to have much of the collection together again on display. We do have geology and planetary science exhibits available in ISTB4.”

Saddle Mountain — Dispersed BLM camping area and Collecting Site

Unless otherwise prohibited, BLM permits camping on much of their managed land in the Southwest. Saddle Mountain is a dispersed camping area, allowing stays of up to 14 days for no fee. It is popular with Snowbirds who camp their RVs on the flat desert in spring to enjoy the mountain backed setting.

Saddle Mountain’s popularity rest with rockhounds who for decades have found fire agate “rough” to a greater or lesser degree. Its accessibility to nearly any kind of vehicle adds to its reputation, as comfortable camping near any productive ground is rare. An extended stay lets a rockhound put in the hours necessary to find something.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Numerous web pages and YouTube videos exist about Saddle Mountain. This is one:

<http://www.fireagate.us/fire-agate/saddlemountain.shtml>

YouTube has videos from both the RV and rockhound point of view. Look for key words like these on YouTube: Saddle Mountain / BLM Dispersed Camping / Tonopah AZ. /fire agate Saddle Mountain.

Mitchell's Gem Trails of Arizona contains specific road directions to Saddle Mountain.

BLM Phoenix District Office  
21605 North 7th Avenue  
Phoenix, AZ 85027  
623-580-5500

33°29.471' N 112°05.002' W

The Phoenix District Office is composed of two Field Offices. One is the Lower Sonoran Field Office, covering a significant part of Maricopa County, including Saddle Mountain. The other is the Hassayampa Field Office, which manages almost one million acres north of Interstate 10.

Tonto National Forest

Supervisor's Office – No public services  
2324 E. McDowell Rd.  
Phoenix, AZ 85006  
602-225-5200

Cave Creek Ranger District  
40202 N. Cave Creek Rd.  
Scottsdale, AZ 85262  
480-595-3300

33°50.940' N 111°50.118' W

<https://www.fs.usda.gov/recarea/tonto/recarea/?recid=35201>

Mesa Ranger District  
5140 E. Ingram St.  
Mesa, AZ 85205  
480-610-3300

33°26.965' N 111°43.268' W

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<https://www.fs.usda.gov/recarea/tonto/recarea/?recid=35393>

38 mineral districts were established over the years in the Tonto Basin. Mines recovered everything from lead to gold. Many other commodities were pulled from the Tonto's heavily mineralized ground. The Tonto NF includes the Diamond Rim Quartz Collecting Site near Payson in Globe County.

### **Mohave County (Kingman)**

Jim Fritz Museum and Cyanide Springs in Chloride  
Elkhart Avenue  
Chloride, Arizona 86431

Contact the museum through:

Chloride Chamber of Commerce  
PO Box 268  
Chloride, Arizona 86431  
928-565-9777

35°24.835' N 114°11.968' W (Near center of town)

<http://www.chloridechamber.com>

A onetime silver mining camp in Mohave County, Arizona, Chloride is considered the oldest continuously inhabited mining town in the state. It's somewhat confusing to drive the backstreets of the city as land ownership is uncertain to visitors. Nearby ground is well claimed, research before going.

Merle Anderson, Chamber of Commerce Secretary, says that, "We do have some rocks and minerals on display in our museum, but we are a very small museum, so only have a few. Many specimens are available in our area by ATV though, and lots of rock and mineral buffs come here and go exploring in the desert to find them, especially since we are surrounded by BLM land. There are many old mines in the area accessible by ATV, and the Kingman Turquoise Mine (not accessible to the public) is right up the road with a very nice shop where they sell the turquoise. Chloride is a fantastic place to mention for rocks and minerals. Our town is a veritable museum of old mining equipment, and history in itself. Chloride was specifically formed because of the 'rocks' in the immediate area. So, you can see, that one can get much more here in Chloride than just a look at rocks and minerals."

Seasonal hours.

Mohave Museum

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

400 West Beale Street (Extremely close to Historic Route 66)  
Kingman, AZ 86401  
928-753-3195

35°11.423' N 114°03.694' W

<https://www.mohavemuseum.org/mohave-museum.html>

This museum is all about Mohave County. In Arizona, Mohave is spelled here with an “H,” whereas in neighboring California, it is most often spelled with a “J.” The museum has a number of rock and gem displays featuring local materials. An especially nice case features turquoise carvings commissioned by S.A. Colbaugh and his wife. Colbaugh founded Colbaugh Processing, still in business, their material Kingman turquoise. The museum has a terrific railroad caboose in back without “Keep Off” signs.

BLM Kingman Field Office  
2755 Mission Boulevard  
Kingman, AZ 86401  
928-718-3700

35°11.394' N 114°00.864' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/kingman-field-office>

The BLM Kingman Field Office is part of the BLM Colorado River District. it manages the Burro Creek Campground and surrounding BLM land, including the Burro Creek Wilderness Area.

Questa Fire Agate Mine  
Don Nelson  
9049 (Old Route 66) West Oatman Highway  
Golden Valley, AZ 86413

35°02.241' N 114°20.539' W

<http://cuestafireagateminelandwyte.com>

These coordinates locate the rugged dirt driveway to Don Nelson’s private property. From his land he directs rockhounds to his nearby claims. Take the driveway for a few hundred yards until it forks. Bear right. No trailers or RVs should go down that road. Little turn around room exists at his house where people receive an orientation and pay their fee. Open year round but it is vital to call first to make arrangements. Nelson’s driveway is easy to find if coming from Kingman. It’s just a few miles from the store at Cool Springs, a Route 66 landmark.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

If coming from Laughlin, on the other side of the hill, head south to Boundary Cone Road. Take that road which eventually hooks up with the Oatman Highway. Using only the physical street address for Nelson's driveway may lead to complete confusion for any navigation device when coming from the west. The area approaching Oatman lacks cell coverage and most smartphone navigating apps will stop working. Use GPS coordinates instead with a dedicated nav unit. A hardcopy atlas or road map is also helpful, unfortunately, most are too big in scale to show smaller roads like Boundary Cone. Do not take any off-pavement roads to the claim area.

Back to the fire agates. They are a type of chalcedony, broadly speaking, quartz. At this location they are found within rhyolite, the matrix or host rock. And there is hard clay all around. A rockhound generally searches for large pieces of rock which might contain a fire agate. At the bench, a collector must cut away the matrix toward a promising bit of chalcedony. The hope is that their stone will eventually reveal a display of colors or fire. This gemstone, therefore, does not come out of the ground fully presented. Instead, it takes a talented lapidarist to bring out the stone's beauty. Rough pieces, however, have a charm and beauty by themselves and many are left uncarved because of that. Their bubbly shape is called botryoidal.

Don Nelson is an engaging personality, delighted to explain all about fire agates and the long history of the claims. He and a helping miner named Al, usually work side by side with rockhounds to coach them on the best way to recover the agate. At the time this author visited, work centered around a specific hole that had been dug by hand over the last two years. There was no need to wander the claims, looking for a promising spot. That spot had already been found. Nelson also sells rough and finished material. Bring cash in small bills, for any purchase or the dig fee.

The United States Geological Survey reports that, "Arizona is the only State currently to have commercial production of fire agate. Fire agate is a form of chalcedony which contains inclusion of iron oxides that result in a play of colors much like that of precious opal. Eleven operations in Arizona report either commercial production of fire agate or dig-for-fee production. The material is produced in Graham, Greenlee, Maricopa, Mohave, and Yuma Counties."

<https://minerals.usgs.gov/minerals/pubs/commodity/gemstones/sp14-95/chalcedony.html>

Burro Creek Recreation Site

Burro Creek Campground  
Burro Creek Campground Road

34°32.163' N 113°27.112' W Coordinates for BLM campground

34°32.02667' N 113°25.935' W Coordinates for preferred intersection of Burro Creek  
Campground Road and Highway 93

BLM's Burro Creek Recreation Site, known to rockhounds as Burro Creek, is frequented mostly for agates. It is approximately 60 miles northwest of Wickenburg. Wikeiup is Burro Creek's

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

nearest town, with gasoline and limited supplies available. Rock and Gem Clubs from as far as Utah make field trips to Burro Creek, sometimes each year. It is a beautiful area.

For your first visit, go with a group to find the best spots. People camp at BLM's Burro Creek Campground since there are no local hotels. Fee charged. Most collecting is done on the other side of Highway 93. Consult Gem Trails of Arizona if nothing else.

The Kingman Field Office manages the area as well as the nearby Upper Burro Creek Wilderness Area. Inquire about the group campground of somewhat small size. A nasty barbed wire fence encloses the campground, a few fence breaks allow creek access.

<https://www.blm.gov/visit/search-details/591/2>

### Navajo County

Jim Gray's Petrified Wood Company  
147 Highway 180  
Holbrook, AZ 86025  
928-524-1842

34°53.433' N 110°09.581' W

<https://shop.jimgrayspetrifiedwoodco.com>

Self-billed as the largest rock shop in the world, this store may qualify as such. Located on the way to the Petrified Forest National Park, the outside rock yard contains tons of petrified wood, a veritable forest of its own. Inside, polished pieces present themselves in all forms, from table tops to book ends.

DoBell's Curios/Rhonda's Petrified Wood Dig at Dobell Ranch  
P.O. Box 691  
9274 Highway 180  
Holbrook, AZ 86025

34°47.521' N 109°53.611' W

Facebook: Search for "Rhonda's Petrified Wood-dig at Dobell-Ranch"

Rhonda DoBell operates this petrified wood fee-dig operation. The driveway is right before the road to the south entrance of the Petrified Forest National Park, 19 miles from Holbrook. The rockhound is close if the Petrified Forest Gift Shop is in view.

The dig site is three miles from the house with the highway signboard. Call Rhonda when you get to the signboard or before. The operators may be at the dig.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

928-245-9010  
928-524-2628  
928-241-0260

Crystal Forest Museum and Gifts  
Highway 180  
Holbrook, AZ 86025  
928-524-3500

34°47.530' N 109°53.476' W

You can't miss this shop. Its sign must be a hundred feet across. It's at the corner of Highway 180 and Petrified Forest Road.

Petrified Forest Gift Shop  
6492 Petrified Forest Road  
Holbrook, AZ 86025  
928-524-3470

34°47.586' N 109°53.545' W

Another gift shop on the way to the National Park.

### **Pima County (Tucson)**

Arizona-Sonora Desert Museum  
2021 North Kinney Road  
Tucson AZ 85743  
520-883-2702

32°14.692' N 111°09.986' W

<https://www.desertmuseum.org/>

Major natural history museum and accompanying grounds. Holds kid's programs. "We have an extensive Sonoran Desert region gem, mineral, and fossil collection totaling 14,095 catalogued specimens, some of which are on display at the Earth Sciences Center. Our relatively new vertebrate paleontology collection contains the first and only significant dinosaur skeleton from Southern Arizona."

The University of Arizona Gem and Mineral Museum  
1601 East University Blvd.  
Tucson, AZ 85719  
520-621-4427

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

32°13.923' N 110°57.000' W

Google their website – the URL is too long to fit here

World-wide collection but emphasizes Arizona and Mexico minerals. Meteorites.

“The University of Arizona Gem & Mineral Museum is dedicated to providing public education and the preservation of minerals and meteorites while also serving the research needs of professionals, students and collectors. The collection is world-wide in scope, but with specific emphasis on minerals from Arizona and Mexico.”

University of Arizona Mineral Museum (New location coming soon)  
Old Pima County Courthouse  
115 North Church Ave  
Tucson, AZ 85701

32°13.407' N 110°58.522' W

The Coronado National Forest

Supervisor's Office  
300 W. Congress St.  
Tucson, AZ 85701  
520-388-8300

32°13.333' N 110°58.546' W

Google their website.

Vast national forest in many parts. 1.78 million acres across the mountains of southeastern Arizona and southwestern New Mexico.

The Asarco Mineral Discovery Center  
1421 West Pima Mine Road  
Sahuarita, AZ 85629  
520-625-8233

31°59.883' N 110°59.737' W

<http://www.asarco.com/about-us/our-locations/asarco-mineral-discovery-center/mine-tours/>

Large open-pit copper mine tour. Small fee charged. Visitor center is free, includes excellent exhibits on copper recovery and copper mineral examples. Great place to visit in February if in

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Tucson for the shows. Call ahead for reservations. 15 miles south of Tucson. The nearby Desert Diamond Casino has bathrooms and food.

Arrive an hour before a tour begins to allow time to visit the gift shop, exhibits, and outdoor garden which is arrayed with mining equipment. The Visitor Center has impressive copper mineral displays and short movies explaining the mining and milling process. The gift shop may have copper ore rough from the mine for sale.

Take a telephoto lens for shooting the maneuverings of distant haul trucks. Overlook positions have fence openings that allow photography. With the quick pace of the tour, a monopod is the fastest way to set up.

Arizona's official motto is "The Copper State" and mines like this power that statement. The mine processes tons of so-called overburden to recover minute amounts of copper and other minerals. But that amount adds up quickly with fleets of haul trucks carrying 240 tons or 340 tons of material at a time. One ton of ore eventually produces 13 pounds of copper. 189 tons of ore concentrate leaves the Mission Mine every day for ASARCO's smelter in Hayden, Arizona. It then goes to their Amarillo, Texas refinery. The pit area from which all of this comes represents what's known as the Mission ore body.

The Mission ore body originated from volcanic and tectonic activity 60 to 100 million years ago. Metal-bearing fluid expelled from cooling magma pushed up from the earth's interior, leaving the present ground rich in sulfide minerals. Sometimes called a skarn deposit, the dominant mineral is chalcopyrite, the chief ore of copper. It is finely disseminated through the rocks of the complex, which include argillite, arkosite, quartzite, and limestone. To the author's eye, it looked like a bottomless pit of caliche and alluvium. Other minerals found here include galena, pyrite, silver, molybdenite, and sphalerite. Precious metals tend to follow copper through flotation recovery and eventual smelting. This can contribute significantly to a mine's revenue. Indeed, in 2016, the Mission Mine produced 1.3 million ounces of silver.

Upon leaving, make sure to pick up the pamphlet at the visitor center entitled "Your Visit to ASARCO GRUPO MEXICO Mineral Discovery Center." \$4.00.

## **Pinal County (Florence)**

BLM

BLM's Safford Field Office manages areas in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee, and Pinal Counties. See their contact information under the Cochise County entry.

## **Santa Cruz County (Nogales)**

Pimeria Alta Historical Society and Museum  
136 North Grand Avenue



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Nogales, Arizona 85621  
520-287-4621

### Duquesne Ghost Town Area

Duquesne, Arizona serves as the central point for any fee/dig activities that might occur in this long-closed area. Green garnets, milky quartz crystals, secondary copper minerals and outcroppings of Japan Law twins are noted here.

Schwartz Fine Minerals has been trying to arrange fee digs in Duquesne. Contact them through their website or through their Facebook page. They respond by FB Messenger. Or call Rick and Jill Pitrone at 520-860-0219. Even if digs have been cancelled, we should thank these people for trying to arrange them.

<https://www.facebook.com/schwartzfineminerals/>

<https://schwartzfineminerals.com/about/>

### Yavapai County (Prescott)

Jerome Historical Society Mine Museum  
200 Main Street  
Jerome, AZ 86331  
928-634-5381

34°45.057' N 112°07.093' W

<https://azstateparks.com/jerome/>

The Douglas Mansion has been a landmark in Jerome since 1916 when James S. Douglas built it on the hill above the Little Daisy Mine. This converted home presents Jerome area history along with photographs, artifacts, and minerals.

### Yuma County (Yuma)

Castle Dome Museum  
Castle Dome Road  
Yuma, AZ  
928-920-3062

33°02.807' N 114°10.679' W

<http://castledomemuseum.org/index.html>

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Museum with a ghost town setting that preserves Castle Dome City's history. Associated with the Hull Mine. The Hull Mine has an outstanding fluorescent wall, a natural occurrence of fluorescent minerals. Book ahead for mine tours.

<http://castledomemuseum.org/hull-mine.html>

Fee charged. Seasonal hours. Call first.

BLM Yuma Field Office  
7341 E 30th St.  
Yuma, AZ 85365  
928-317-3200

32°40.408' N 114°30.426' W

Manages campsites near Quartzsite, variously called Dome Rock Road and Dome Rock Mountain. The Dome Rock Mountain Camping Area allows 14-day stays.

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

### California [\[back to top\]](#)

This section lists important fee digs, open collecting ground, and various rock related sites and attractions in California. Otie Braden's Gem Trails of Southern California is an essential accompaniment, along with Rockhound Barstow by Justin Zzyzx. (Both first and second editions) As with all collecting spots, even those mentioned below, proceed with care. Leave gates as found, respect claim markers, keep off tribal land, and diligently work to avoid private property.

#### **Inyo County**

Nopah Range Wilderness Area and South Nopah Range Wilderness Area

Trilobite collecting site and general exploration area

Tecopa Road /Old Spanish Trail

35°53.070' N 116°03.881' W —Roadcuts for trilobite

Roadcuts here on the Old Spanish Trail Highway yield partial trilobite specimens. The coordinates above fix on the parking area for the site, essentially a wide road pullout. The Highway is also known as the Tecopa Road and the area itself is southwest of Pahrump, Nevada.

Digging locations in the shale are obvious as the area has been worked for decades. Brick hammer recommended as always for splitting shale. Handsome country, the area returns beauty and tranquility if not a complete bug. Blue colored lichen on some rocks.

This highway marks the dividing line between these two similarly named Wilderness Areas. As these areas allow casual collecting, day hiking and wandering from the highway may reward rockhounding. The Nopah are marine mountains, mostly limestone, shale, a little slate, much quartzite. BLM's Barstow Field Office manages these WAs.

#### **Kern County (Bakersfield)**

Fee/Dig: Bakersfield area fossils

The Ernst Quarries  
Round Mountain Road  
Bakersfield, CA 93308

Directions at their website, no street address for the gathering point

661-319-7800

35°26.779' N 118°53.924' W

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

The coordinates above are for the staging area but do not rely upon them. They were not provided by the operator of the quarries. I took them at the meeting point. Follow the complete driving directions at their website.

<http://sharktoothhillproperty.com>

“The Ernst Quarries, located near Sharktooth Hill, California, are home of the largest deposit of Miocene marine fossils in the world. The property sprawls over 260 acres and comprises three distinct quarries. Each quarry yields fossil specimens of various colors and varieties. Together, they offer a unique natural history experience not found anywhere else.”<sup>2</sup>

This 150-million-year old collecting site is a fascinating visit. Shark teeth are the big draw and in small sizes are plentiful to collect off the ground with patient looking. Larger sizes require digging and screening. The dig site is in isolated hills, so bring everything needed for the day: food, water, sunscreen, gloves, and so on. Not open after big rains or in the summer. Late April or early May maybe the driest months but there is no guaranteeing the weather.

Jeff Ernst is the gracious guide and thoughtful owner of the quarries. He provides frequent updates on his website about hill conditions and if a dig will proceed on schedule. Visitor signups are through his website. Bring cash or a check to the staging area. Download the information package beforehand and fill out the release form before arrival. This is very important for visitors coming from long distances who may not have a printer at their hotel.

There are alabaster or gypsum rocks on the hill and selenite crystals, also in rock form. Ask Jeff if you can go poking around. Look, too, for marine vertebrae when you dig, not just shark teeth. On my visit I picked two off the ground without digging. Jeff said they could belong to anything from a junior whale to a sea lion, the identity now lost to time. Interestingly, he said that close examination of anything like this material eventually reveals tooth marks. It was not an easy life in the ancient seas.

In case of a rainout, a rockhound can see pieces from the quarries by visiting the Buena Vista Museum of Natural History and Science in Bakersfield. Visiting before a dig is an excellent way to get oriented. The museum is at 2018 Chester Ave. Bakersfield, CA 93301.

<http://sharktoothhillproperty.com/index.htm>

Desert Discoveries Rock Shop  
12131 Boron Ave  
Boron, CA 93516  
760-762-6861

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<sup>2</sup> “The Ernst Quarries” <http://www.sharktoothhillproperty.com/about.htm> Accessed 06/19/2019

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

35°00.076' N 117°39.003' W

A must-stop rock shop, especially before or after visiting the nearby Rio Tinto Borax Mine. Located off State Route 58 between Barstow and Bakersfield, this shop in Boron always has a good selection of desert minerals and local advice. The 20 Mule Museum is nearby in case the rock shop is closed. Call ahead as the proprietor is often off rockhounding. You can't expect small businesses like this to stay open every when only two or three people might stop in.

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

<http://www.desertdiscoveries.com/>

The Rio Tinto Borax Mine  
14486 Borax Rd (Headquarters' Office, not open to the public)  
Boron, CA 93516

Visitor Center  
760-762-7588

35°01.805' N 117°41.245' W

Borax and related mineral mining goes on near Boron at the largest open pit mine in California. Great views from the free Visitor Center. The parking lot has room for RVs, trailers, and buses. No plant or mine tours but good photography possible from the overlooks. Bring a tripod for panorama shots.

The visitor center has wonderful displays of desert minerals commonly extracted from the mine. These include colemanite, ulexite, kernite, and borax. Free postcards with samples of these minerals attached are available. These materials may be available in bigger sizes from piles at the far end of the visitor center parking lot. Selection varies throughout the year. No food available at the center but water and bathrooms are provided.

A Center highlight is a life-size fiberglass twenty-mule team in harness. A perfect background for pictures with mules that will never bite or kick.

Leave State Route 58 at exit 196 west of Boron. From the freeway, head north on Borax Road for three miles. The visitor center is high on a hill. Drive past the unattended guard shack at the facility's main entrance and continue on an unpaved road up the hill.

<https://www.borax.com/borax-operations/borax-visitor-center>

Randsburg

Rand Desert Museum  
161 Butte Ave

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Randsburg, CA 93554  
760-371-0965

35°22.080' N 117°39.323' W

<http://www.randdesertmuseum.com>

Editor, Historian, Lay Curator: J. Bart Parker [hafdog@aol.com](mailto:hafdog@aol.com)

Only 22 miles from Ridgecrest, this living ghost town makes an interesting stop when their stores and attractions are open. Do not arrive too early in the morning. The Rand Desert Museum is manned by volunteers and only open on weekend unless other arrangements are made. Mining history is a main focus.

“A visit to Randsburg, California is a visit to the past, when the mining camps of the Mojave were boomtowns and gold was being dug out of the hills. The community has survived the many perils the desert mining camps faced, and some of its residents still work the land for its hidden riches. It is a living ghost town, a working mining town that likes having some — but not too much — company. There are no stoplights, gas stations or malls here; just an unpretentious, quiet little town that enjoys its place in desert history.” Len Wilcox, DesertUSA

<https://www.desertusa.com/desert-california/randsburg-past.html>

Open weekends. Call ahead.

Minerals Unlimited  
127 N Downs Street  
Ridgecrest, CA 93555  
760-375-5279

35°37.425' N 117°41.271' W

Shop website:

<https://mineralsunlimited.com/>

Next to a Salvation Army thrift shop sits one of the finest rock and mineral stores in the Southwest. It's operated for seventy years and has a great selection of minerals inside and plenty of rough outside. Most of my rare earth mineral collection comes from this store.

A rockhound or collector can check the store's website but a visit is best. It makes a great stop when visiting either the Kern River Canyon Area or when going toward Death Valley. It is a treat meeting Wendi, the woman owner and operator. Call her Ace. But telephone first.

My Patreon photo gallery page of Minerals Unlimited is here:

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

<https://www.patreon.com/posts/30494846>

My fuller description with photos and an interactive Google map is here:

<https://southwestrockhounding.com/2019/04/07/minerals-unlimited-in-ridgecrest-california/>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

Bureau of Land Management  
Ridgecrest Field Office  
300 S Richmond Road  
Ridgecrest, CA 93555  
760-384-5400

35°37.103' N 117°38.858' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/ridgecrest-field-office>

Manages a wide swath of land in Kern and Inyo County, including much in the Highway 178 corridor.

Highway 178 Kern County/Inyo County

This highway corridor is a treat in spring and fall, although summer weather is good at its higher elevations. The highway runs through a mix of the Sequoia National Forest, BLM managed lands, and private holdings. Quite a bit through the Kern River Canyon. Good rockhounding opportunities on both USFS and BLM lands. Respect claims if noted.

Roadcuts are amazing throughout the area. You might think you are looking at granite with black looking splotches. You're most probably looking at granodiorite with inclusions called xenoliths. After randomly pulling over by the side of the road, I came up with a rock that when broken revealed black tourmaline, known as schroll. Not gem quality, but it was tourmaline and it was now mine. Toward Bakersfield is the Kern River Uranium Area, whose boundaries can be looked up online. Having a roadside geology book for this area is an excellent thought, although just looking around and exploring is extremely worthwhile. No heavy commercial truck traffic, although two or three of these vehicles might be encountered in an hour.

The Kern river is popular for swimming and rafting and it routinely kills people. Just ask Merle Haggard.

Maturango Museum  
100 East Las Flores Ave

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Ridgecrest, CA 93555  
760-375-6900

<https://maturango.org/petroglyph-tours/>

35°37.848' N 117°40.158' W

Guided tours go in spring and fall from Ridgecrest to visit Little Petroglyph Canyon. The Museum is the only group that can arrange access. At Little Petroglyph, rock art images by the thousands were etched into canyon walls and boulders by native people long ago. The canyon is on the property of the China Lake Naval Air Station. Call or look online at the museum's site for current information on this bucket list tour.

### **Riverside County (Riverside)**

Wiley's Well Campground

33°29.610' N 114°53.286' W

Newly renovated by BLM, Wiley's Well Campground sits in the lower Colorado Desert in eastern Riverside County. The Hauser Geode Beds, if they still exist, and the now closed Opal Hill Fire Agate Mine are in the vicinity by way of 4WD roads. Many trails and areas to collect are here along with the Bradshaw Trail National Scenic Byway.

<https://www.blm.gov/visit/search-details/15181/1>

Nearest intersection is Wiley's Well Road and the Bradshaw Trail. Administered by the Palm Springs South Coast Field Office. Proceed with caution using the Owlshead website described below under San Bernardino County.

Bureau of Land Management  
Palm Springs South Coast Field Office  
1201 Bird Center Drive  
Palm Springs, CA 92262  
760-833-7100

33°50.414' N 116°30.318' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/palm-springs-south-coast-field-office>

### **San Bernardino County (San Bernardino)**

San Bernardino County is the largest county in the United States. It incorporates the western end of the Mojave Desert whose total area covers 47,000 square miles. Two major highways run east and west across it.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

I-15 connects Los Angeles to Las Vegas and beyond. I-40 starts in Barstow, then goes 155 miles through California's Mojave Desert to Needles, California. It then crosses into Arizona and eventually winds up in North Carolina. I-40 parallels much of old Route 66. It is from these two highways that most rockhounding trips begin.

Desert driving in California and elsewhere is always full of surprises, especially in navigating. California's BLM offers assistance by contributing to this website:

<http://www.owlsheadgps.com/owlshead/>

The site above tries showing every California BLM road and trail but their suggested routes are deceptively simple. The many twists, turns, and hazards of desert roads are not well represented. Take multiple copies of maps or electronic navigation aids when going off-pavement. Be ready for washouts, hardpacked dirt roads turning into sand bogs, non-existent signposts, illegal gates, closed roads without any indication of same, and on and on. This website will surely improve but for right now, check multiple maps.

### San Bernardino

Valley Prospectors of San Bernardino, Inc.  
1729 East Base Line Rd.  
San Bernardino, CA 92410

34°07.280' N 117°14.978'

Known as Valley Prospectors, this well-respected non-profit has been in operation for decades. They have multiple claims in different areas, including ground in northern California near Downieville in Sierra County. The address above is for club meetings. Join.

<https://www.valleyprospectors.org/>

Afton Canyon – Collecting area 27 miles west of Baker

BLM's Afton Canyon Campground

35°02.346' N 116°22.971' W

The Afton Canyon area is open to rockhounding. Jaspers, agates and such. BLM's campground is a few miles off I-15 from the Afton Road exit. The Mojave River there is usually dry enough to walk across. The road descending to the main campground can get badly damaged by rain. A reminder here. Just because you can pick your way slowly down a steep blown out road doesn't mean your vehicle will get back up.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

The group campground on top of the hill is always accessible but then you will have a long walk down to the river. Check with BLM's Barstow office for road conditions. Rockhound Barstow contains more information on Afton Canyon and surrounding areas.

Barstow

Bureau of Land Management  
Barstow Field Office  
2601 Barstow Road  
Barstow, CA 92311  
760-252-6000

34°52.363' N 117°01.240' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/barstow-field-office>

The Desert Discovery Center  
831 Barstow Rd  
Barstow, CA 92311  
760-252-6060

34°53.468' N 117°01.330' W

Cooperative venture by several agencies to present information about California desert life. Free admission. Hands on viewing of the Old Woman Meteorite, second largest meteorite in the United States. It weighed 6,070 pounds when discovered in 1975 in San Bernardino County. A block away is the Mojave River Valley Museum, featuring mineral and rock displays.

<http://desertdc.com>

Mojave River Valley Museum  
270 E. Virginia Way  
Barstow, CA 92311  
760-256-5452

34°53.284' N 117°01.561' W

Free admission to a great museum. A long block from the Desert Discovery Center. San Bernardino County history, including mining and local geology.

<https://mojaverivervalleymuseum.org/>

Diamond Pacific Tool Corporation  
2620 W. Main Street  
Barstow, CA 92311

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

1-800-253-2954

34°53.13167' N 117°04.76167' W

Lapidary equipment manufacturer and rock shop. Anyone who has made a cab knows the name Diamond Pacific. Their machines are now sold in over fifty countries and they still come from this one factory. Their rock shop features a good selection of local rough, slabs, and some finished stones. Topo maps. Source for buying Rockhound Barstow, the only book for collecting the Mohave anywhere near Barstow or farther out into the Mojave. That book is described below. But, first, more about Diamond Pacific.

“We welcome you to visit our retail store. Retail shop hours vary, please call for current information. Closed on holidays and Saturday preceding Monday holiday. Please call to verify Saturday hours.” Plant tours may be available. Call first. Go early in the day, they shut down close to three or four unless they know someone is coming.

With luck you may meet Bill Depue, Founder and President of Diamond Pacific. He founded the company in 1973 and they have been in continuous operation ever since. In good times and bad, under Bill's management, they have never missed a payroll.

Bill began rockhounding before he was ten and can talk authoritatively on all aspects of Mojave rocks and stones in general. He works up cabs to this day. But never using a template. When I last visited, I was running late but they held the store open for me. Though I had been in before, I hadn't met Mr. Depue, who was waiting for me behind the counter and gave me a great price on an agate slab. As well as a tour of the facility.

<http://www.diamondpacific.com/index.html>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

Book Related to Rockhounding in San Bernardino County:

Rockhound Barstow 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

Justin Zzyzx, illustrated by Brandy Zzyzx

Published and produced by Forty Seven Press, Newberry Springs, Ca

FortySevenPress@gmail.com

The best collecting guide to California's Mojave Desert. Available at certain rock shops or at Amazon, which offers a Kindle book option. Get it before traveling anywhere in the Mojave from Hesperia to Baker and beyond. Nothing in this book can possibly better describe the Mojave than Rockhound Barstow. If you can, hunt out the first edition as well.

Big Bear

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Gems of the West Rock Shop  
40847 Big Bear Boulevard  
Big Bear Lake, CA 92315

908-878-0415

34°14.618' N 116°54.640' W

Not visited but intriguing and certainly worth a stop. Just a few miles from San Bernardino itself.

<https://www.gemsofthewest.co/shop/>

Mojave Trails National Monument

Near Amboy, California. Google their website.

Located between Barstow and Needles along Route 66, this 1.6-million-acre National Monument features everything from rough-hewn mountains to sand dunes and even lava flows. Includes a 350,000-acre Wilderness Area within its borders. BLM managed. Rockhounding allowed. No visitor center.

Amboy Crater is the Monument's most prominent feature, with no collecting permitted at the actual site. Parking lot and trailhead are at the end of Crater Road, accessed by Highway 95.

A caution in this area. At least one rest area has water but it is not potable. Make sure to always have enough water whenever going into the desert, even if you are simply touring by day in a car.

Parking lot coordinates are approximate:

34°33.441' N 115°46.866' W

BLM Marble Mountain Fossil Bed Collecting Site

34°31.572' N 115°28.401' W — Center of area

34°31.511' N 115°29.453' W — Marble Mountain campground

The Marble Mountain Fossil Beds lie in a 60-foot thick shale formation which dates back over 550 million years. Trilobites are said to be numerous but whether a full bug can be had is questionable.

Jim Boone's site, [BirdandHike.com](http://BirdandHike.com), has the best map to this area. He calls the site the Cadiz Trilobite Quarry. A link to his map:

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

[https://www.birdandhike.com/Rocks/Fossils/Sites/Cadiz/maps-cdz/Cadiz\\_Map-o.htm](https://www.birdandhike.com/Rocks/Fossils/Sites/Cadiz/maps-cdz/Cadiz_Map-o.htm)

### Chambless Rock Collecting Area

Chambless lies at the southern boundary of the Trilobite Wilderness. Hematite and magnetite may be found there, in the reddish dirt or tailings near abandoned mine entrances. Green epidote might be located in washes. Small garnets and some epidote reported in nearby canyons. Fossils possible in a gray ridge of limestone in the area.

<https://www.blm.gov/visit/chambless-rock-collecting-area>

Once again, BirdandHike.com has the best map to Chambless, with GPS coordinates for every turn in the road. Location photos, too. Ask BLM in Needles for current directions, and Owlsheadgps.com for further information. The Needles' BLM office is very helpful and responds to e-mails.

[https://www.birdandhike.com/Rocks/Fossils/Sites/Chambless/maps-ch/Chambless\\_Map-o.htm](https://www.birdandhike.com/Rocks/Fossils/Sites/Chambless/maps-ch/Chambless_Map-o.htm)

### Mining Supplies and Rock Shop

16808 F Main St.

Hesperia, CA 92345

Located in the Stater Brothers Shopping Center

760-244-9642

34°25.301' N 117°17.778' W

A woman-owned rock shop featured in two articles of Rock&Gem Magazine, Mining Supplies supports rock and gem and prospecting clubs in Hesperia and Victorville. Field trips have been conducted and they offer lapidary classes for a small fee. I made my first and only rock carving there, a jade key fob. It was a great experience. A nice selection of rocks, minerals and slabs. The shop, unfortunately, may be in the process of being sold. Check before going.

<http://www.miningsuppliesandrockshop.com/>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

### Needles

Bureau of Land Management

Needles Field Office

1303 South U.S. Hwy 95

Needles, CA 92363

760-326-7000

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Manages the Marble Mountain Rock Collecting Area and several other recreation areas including the Mojave Trails National Monument.

<https://www.blm.gov/office/needles-field-office>

### **San Diego County (San Diego)**

The Collector Fine Jewelry/Pala International, Inc.  
912 South Live Oak Park Road  
Fallbrook, CA 92028  
760-728-9121

33°22.471' N 117°12.556' W

A one-of-a-kind jewelry and rare mineral store specializing in tourmaline. The Collector is only a few miles from the Pala Mining District. The owner is Bill Larson, known world-wide as a geologist and authority on gems and rare minerals. He has made more than 150 overseas trips in his pursuit of minerals and colored stones. With any luck, Bill may be around and you will discover how little you know. I don't mean that despairingly, only with humor. Larson is someone you learn from, someone who honors you with his time.

The store's central show room emphasizes jewelry, however, there is a marvelous gem pegmatite pocket exhibit off the main floor. It took four months to recover the pocket intact. If personnel and time permit, a rockhound may be shown other areas featuring displays of extremely rare minerals and high-end gems. These equal or surpass any museum or Tucson exhibit.

<http://www.palagems.com/meet-our-staff>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

Fallbrook Gem and Mineral Museum  
123 W Alvarado St B  
Fallbrook, CA 92028  
760-728-1130

33°22.946' N 117°15.125' W

[http://www.fgms.org/FGMS/Museum\\_1.html](http://www.fgms.org/FGMS/Museum_1.html)

Few gem and mineral clubs have a museum or gift shop, let alone one of this quality. It's an outstanding effort of the Fallbrook Gem and Mineral Society, containing examples of San Diego County minerals and gems and a fluorescent mineral room. Many local specimens for sale, including three-dollar grab bags of local materials, each small mineral duly described.

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

The Ocean View Mine and the Pala Chief Mine  
37304 Magee Rd, Pala, CA 92059  
Jeff Swanger, Owner and Chief Operator

760-415-9143

\$75 a person

Special instructions to reach the mine at their website and also discussed below.

Oceanview Mines, LLC offers two fee/dig experiences in the Pala Mining District. Commonly found are tourmalines, kunzites, and morganites, along with other sparkly things like pink lepidolite. The Pala area, a pegmatite mining district, has been actively worked for gemstones since the turn of the 19th century.

A screen and wash activity is held three times a week in season throughout much of the year. Online videos produced by Jeff Swanger and crew show the entire process. This easy-to-do activity will return attractive stones.

The second experience is held twice a month for part of the year. Bring your own tools. The Pala Chief fee/dig allows rockhounds to search through old tailings and mine dumps, along with hacking at the side of Chief Mountain itself. At some point the mine operator might work an excavator, digging a six-foot deep trench to bring up fresh dirt and rock for searching. Anything found can be kept.

Follow website directions to the mine with care. Their directions start in Pala. First, get to Magee Road using Highway 76; the mine's entrance road is a few miles from there. Only Magee's south entrance from Highway 76 should be attempted. In Pala there is a Magee Place that is not Magee Road. If Magee Road is not in one's navigation device, try looking for the Pala Raceway. Magee Road is further east on 76.

The mine property road is rough but this author did see a Mini Cooper negotiate its entire length. Staff will happily load people and gear into a buggy if a driver does not wish to drive the road. Bring sunscreen even if it is overcast, snacks, and tools if you are doing the Pala Chief. Full details at their website. Driest weather month may be May. Resist taking too many photographs, instead, dive into digging or screening as long as you can and as hard as you can. You are going to find something wonderful. Oh, and if you can't go, you can order a bag of pay dirt if they are still offering it. I found enough nice things in what they sent me to convince me to go to the mine in person.

Magee Road and Highway 76 coordinates:

33°21.830' N 117°03.440' W

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

<http://www.oceanviewmine.com>

Himalaya Mine  
c/o/ Lake Henshaw Resort  
26439 Hwy 76  
Santa Ysabel, CA 92070  
775-225-4245  
775-772-7724.

33°14.166' N 116°45.823' W

This is another screen/wash activity located at the Lake Henshaw Resort. It's on the road to Julian, with other rock related attractions along the way. Rockhounds go through tailings from the famous Himalaya Mine. Open year-round, generally Thursday through Sunday from 10 AM to 3 PM. Call ahead to confirm details.

The screen and wash is out of view in back. To get there, go into the market on the property and get a gate pass code. Drive through the gate to the fee/dig. \$75 for an adult. Minerals found may be pink and green tourmaline, black tourmaline, quartz crystals, spessertine garnet, lepidolite, and clevelandite. Keep anything found.

[https://highdesertgemsandminerals.com/html/himalaya\\_mine\\_dig.html](https://highdesertgemsandminerals.com/html/himalaya_mine_dig.html)

Crossroads Treasures  
30219 CA-78, Santa Ysabel, CA 92070  
760-765-2530

33°06.521' N 116°40.501' W

Rock shop and birding. Thursdays through Sundays. Seasonal hours. Near the intersection of Highways 76 and 79, making it a convenient stop on the way to Wynola and Julian. Minerals and gems from the Himalaya, Cryogenie, and Pala Chief Mines. The tri-colored blackbird, the western tanager and the black-headed grosbeak frequent the grounds.

<https://crossroadstresures.biz>

Julian Mountain Gems & Minerals  
2015 Main Street, Suite B

33°04.653' N 116°36.068' W

Seasonal days and hours. They are generally open Thursday through Sunday from 10:00 am to 5:00 pm. "While we do specialize in mostly quartz, fluorite, and tourmaline, we also carry other



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

crystals and minerals.” Check them while heading to the Eagle and High Peak Mines just a mile or two away.

<https://julian-gems.com/sample-page/>

Eagle and High Peak Mines  
2320 C St  
Julian, CA 92036  
760-765-0036

33°04.926' N 116°35.710' W

<http://www.theeaglemining.com>

1000' feet of hard rock tunnel on old gold mine property. Guided tour. Low headroom and a steep stairway at the two-thirds mark. Call to see if a mobility-challenged person can be accommodated for the first stretch. There's much to see before that stairway. Great introduction to a hard rock mine. After the tour, visitors can chat with their guide about local rockhounding.

\$10 charge. Gold panning taught. Visitors can't keep the gold but learning to pan is worth more than any colors found. Impressive non-working stamp mill on the property along with other gold mining related equipment. Gift shop with rocks from different countries. Tip your tour guide if you can afford to. These are nice people.

The Julian area has been called the Southern Mother Lode of California.

Goffs Schoolhouse  
37198 Lanfair Road (Near Goffs Road and Lanfair Road)  
Goffs, CA 92332

34°55.281' N 115°04.026' W

Restored ore crushers including a working 10-Stamp Mill. To see it in operation, one must attend a scheduled event when the mill is in operation. E-mail or check their website to see if any such events are scheduled.

<https://www.mdhca.org/cultural-center/projects/ten-stamp-mill>

## **Southern Colorado** [\[back to top\]](#)

Southern Colorado rests at the extreme north-east of the Southwest. This book defines the Southwest as below the 38<sup>th</sup> parallel. That line runs through or near towns like Ouray, Moffat, San Gabriel, and Rocky Ford. Most important collecting localities exist above the 38<sup>th</sup>. Geology Professor Richard Pearl described Colorado as having more mineralized ground than any other state, save California. Kevin Singel's 2018 Finding Gold in Colorado is the best and most current writing on finding gold in this state.

## **La Plata**

Four Corners Gem & Mineral Club  
2351 N Main (In Brookside Park)  
P.O. Box 955  
Durango, CO 81302

Field trips, classes, lapidary shop. Since 1947. Join if thinking about Colorado rockhounding. Their newsletters keep one informed about collecting localities, local geology, and more. Their simple mission: "Collect and identify rocks, gems and minerals."

37°17.360' N 107°52.570' W

<http://www.durangorocks.org>

## The San Juan Mountains

Professor Pearl maintained that not a single acre of tillable land existed in all of the San Juan Mountains. Instead, the mines of the mountains and their dumps yield "All of the important ore minerals of gold, silver, lead, copper, zinc, tungsten, manganese, and others." The San Juan National Forest is all around Silverton, Telluride and Ouray and should be investigated.

San Juan National Forest  
15 Burnett Court  
Durango, CO 81301  
970-247-4874

37°16.405' N 107°53.591' W

1.8-million-acre forest in Southwest Colorado spread over 10 counties.

<https://www.fs.usda.gov/sanjuan/>

## **Mineral County (Creede)**

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Last Chance Mine  
504 Last Chance Mine Road  
Creede, CO 81130

37° 53.035' N 106°56.197' W

The Last Chance Mine is only open in summer when the snow retreats at 10,000 feet and rockhounds can advance. Underground tours conducted and a gift store. Rustic, picturesque property. Surface collecting on dumps allowed in the past but now dependent on the current owner. Sowbelly agate with amethyst the mine's notable material. Look at Mindat.org for the mine's geology. It is several miles north of Creede past the Bachelor Town site. Check road directions at their website.

<http://www.lastchancemine.com/index.php>

Wolf Creek Pass, San Juan Mountains

Noted collecting locality of agate nodules and unusual minerals on US 160. This pass is at 10,857 feet, crossing the Continental Divide. Summer travel only.

37°26.976' N 106°52.865' W

Treasure Falls Locality of Wolf Creek Pass is nearby.

37°26.933' N 106°52.766' W

Consult [MyLandMatters.org](http://MyLandMatters.org) for present land status. Check Mindat.org for known minerals.

### Montezuma County (Cortez)

San Juan Gems (Rock shop and more)  
11523 Highway 145  
Cortez, CO 81321  
970-565-9854

37°22.771' N 108°33.293' W

Larry Sanchez, G.G., is the principal here, a lifetime with rocks and gems and lapidary. Larry is a master silversmith as well as an accomplished cutter and polisher. Dino bone authority. San Juan Gems is the most important rock shop in the Four Corners area and in Southern Colorado overall. Over 40 years in business.

<https://sanjuangems.com/>

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

## Gem Village – Only a memory, on the road to Durango

America's first organized rock colony. Today, only Tucson in winter can compare to the spirit and camaraderie that existed at Gem Village sixty years ago. Gem Village sat on US 160, 18 miles east of Durango. Beth Simmons wrote a nostalgic piece on it in "America's Only Rockhound Colony," which appeared in the August, 2016 issue of Rock&Gem Magazine. Still listed on many maps.

## Saguache County (Saguache)

### Beidell

The ghost settlement of Beidell, as Richard Pearl described it, is for the adventuresome only. I have not been there. Pearl described its location by starting from La Garita and then proceeding some nine miles from there. He thinks the location is also called the Carnero Locality. It may now be accessible only by trail.

Amethyst was noted in the area well as fluorescent aragonite and other interesting minerals. Get his *Colorado Gem Trails and Mineral Guide* which was published in 1972 by Sage Books. The 1967 Lime Creek 7.5-minute topo is the appropriate map, available at the USGS store. The locality should be in Township 43 N., R. 6 E., near the head of Beidell Creek. Pearl describes it as a routine stop for rock clubs. Some information at [Mindat.org](http://Mindat.org).

## San Juan County (Silverton)

This author's personal reference collection of rare earth and radioactive minerals includes two specimens from San Juan County. The first is torbernite on sandstone from the Happy Jack Mine. The second is Schröckingerite from the old Mi Vida Mine Complex in the Lisbon Valley.

### Old Hundred Gold Mine

721 County Road A

Silverton, CO 81433

970-387-5444

37°49.446' N 107°35.106' W

Underground mine tours into Galena Mountain. Operating equipment on view.

<http://minetour.com/index.html>

### San Juan County Historical Society Mining Heritage Center

1557 Greene Street, Courthouse Square

Silverton, CO 81433

970-387-5609

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

37°48.920' N 107°39.713' W

Seasonal hours.

<https://www.sanjuancountyhistoricalsociety.org>

### **Huerfano County (Walsenburg)**

The Walsenburg Mining Museum  
112 West Fifth Street  
Walsenburg, Colorado 81089

719-738-1992 (Seasonal)

37°37.505' N 104°46.923' W

Located in an 1896 jail. Huerfano County's mining camp history and memorabilia.

<http://huerfanohistory.org/mining-museum.html>

## **Southern Nevada** [\[back to top\]](#)

The northern limit for this book is the 38<sup>th</sup> parallel. In Nevada that line runs between Goldfield and Tonopah.

Any southern Nevada traveler should consult [BirdandHike.com](http://BirdandHike.com). Although not a rockhounding site, BirdandHike.com provides tremendous coverage of many areas a rockhound may venture to, with GPS coordinates and location photos. Produced by Jim Boone, professional ecologist. An essential resource. A note here.

Nevada has outlawed uncapped PVC pipes used as claim markers. These trap birds, condemning them to death when they drop into the pipes looking for nesting cavities. Other small animals can get trapped, too. It is legal to remove these markers when found and Jim and his people have done a great job of removing most of them from Clark and Lincoln Counties. If you find one and are uncomfortable removing it, notify Jim through his website about its location. He will thank you.

[https://www.birdandhike.com/Markers/\\_Markers\\_Intro.htm](https://www.birdandhike.com/Markers/_Markers_Intro.htm)

Rockhounding Nevada by William Kappeler is a recommended but dated hardcopy book to collecting sites.

## **Clark County (Las Vegas)**

The United States owns about 85% of Clark County land. Air Force bases, three large National Recreational Areas, a National Wildlife Refuge, and the Nevada National Security Site remove vast land from rockhounding. The vast and remote Gold Butte National Monument offers the greatest rockhounding opportunity for casual, non-commercial collecting.

### **BLM**

BLM's Red Rock/Sloan Field Office at 1000 Scenic Loop Drive in Las Vegas manages the Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area which prohibits collecting. They do sell maps.

### **USFS**

Humboldt-Toiyabe is the largest National Forest in the lower 48 states. It occurs as a collection of scattered lands from Reno to Las Vegas. Multiple hardcopy maps needed for travel. Over six million acres. Aside from NRAs, usual National Forest collecting rules apply.

The Humboldt-Toiyabe National Forest District Office at 4701 N. Torrey Pines Dr. in Las Vegas manages the Spring Mountains National Recreation Area which prohibits collecting. They do sell maps.

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

The Springs Preserve  
333 S. Valley View Blvd.  
Las Vegas, NV 89107

36°10.346' N 115°11.411' W

Nevada State Museum

Located on the grounds of The Springs Preserve, this State Museum in Las Vegas has a number of earth science exhibits including displays on geology, fossils, and rocks and minerals. A small but excellent fluorescent room.

<http://nvculture.org/nevadastatemuseumlasvegas/>

The Nature Exchange

The Nature Exchange is off to the side of the Spring Preserve's gift shop, a trading post for children for rocks, shells, insect parts, plant parts and fossils. The Exchange emphasizes the importance of documenting finds, good advice for anyone going into the field.

<https://www.springspreserve.org/explore/nature-exchange.html>

The Springs Preserve price structure is confusing. Ask first as to what is being paid for, the museum, the grounds, or both. The Preserve are near freeways known as the Spaghetti Bowl. If turned around, use surface streets to navigate to the Preserve.

Cactus Joes — (aka Blue Diamond Nursery)  
12740 Blue Diamond Rd.  
Las Vegas, NV 89161  
702-875-1968

36°02.370' N 115°22.038' W

Cactus Joes is a wonderful plant nursery. They are Nevada's best and largest authorized dealer of Joshua Trees. They also carry rocks, some rough, some slabs. Much unlabeled, all of it fun. Seek out Cactus Joe himself for a good rock talk. Tell him Tom Farley apologizes for not being around again and that I have some rose quartz for him.

<http://www.cactusjoeslasvegas.com/>

Jewelry and Mineral of Las Vegas  
410 East Sahara Ave.  
Las Vegas, NV 89104  
702-733-7166

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

36°08.631' N 115°09.130' W

Interesting rock shop located very close to the Vegas Strip.

<https://jewelryandminerals.com>

Southern Nevada Gem and Mineral Society  
3111 S. Valley View #E125  
Las Vegas, Nevada 89102

36°09.697' N 115°06.559' W

This is a club well worth joining if living or visiting in Southern Nevada. Has an agate claim near the Lake Mead National Recreation Area. A fine club workshop. Check their website before going to the shop to avoid certain parking spaces.

<http://www.snvgms.org/page2.html>

Visual Rock ID Sessions in Las Vegas

University of Nevada at Las Vegas  
4505 S Maryland Pkwy  
Las Vegas NV 89154  
702-895-3262

36°06.351' N 115°08.503' W

Lily Fong Geosciences Building  
36°06.508' N 115°08.458' W

<https://geoscience.unlv.edu/rock-identification-2/>

Held while classes are going on in the fall, winter, and spring, these visual rock identification sessions are very valuable. I have gone to several sessions, particularly to talk with PhD student Drew Barkoff who is a friend of my book. I'd stress that you should bring in as much information as you can about your specimen's locality. The geology of an area determines what can be found in that area.

A geologic map or a small printout of same, no matter how simple, will help tremendously. You can find those at either <http://www.MyLandMatters.org> or especially <https://macrostrat.org>. I once brought in a rock from Plymouth, California and did not and could not expect anyone there to know area's geology. Bring a map of the collecting area if possible. Oh, and a small flashlight since the conference room is dim. And a hand lens. They have simple test tools like streak plates. At the above link you will find a link to a .pdf file that explains basic rock ID.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Parking is tough. Many meters accept quarters but in some lots you will get only 10 minutes to a quarter. On many of those meters they have a credit card system in place. You call the number on the meter and voice prompts walk you through a ten-minute process to register your credit card, take down your license plate, and so on. It is frustrating and lengthy to set up the first time, considering you will be in full sun the entire duration. If you return at a later date your account will be established and it will be just a matter of calling the number back. There may be other parking options so, again, check the official UNLV link above.

If you have a large or heavy rock, bring a cart or hand truck. The Geosciences Building can be a long walk from wherever you wind up parking. Everything is on the first floor and handicap accessible. There is an outstanding display of rocks and minerals on the first floor and I noticed that they have replaced all of the overhead lighting this semester. Things look great. The Geosciences Building is worth a visit just to check out this collection. All campus staff is friendly and people will happily point you out to the right building.

### Gold Searchers of Southern Nevada

Non-profit organization based in the Henderson. Monthly outings as weather permits. Has a claim adjacent to the Nye Gold Seekers' claim in the Johnnie Mining District outside of Pahrump in Nye County. Many people have memberships in both clubs.

<http://www.goldsearchersnv.com/home.html>

Clark County Museum  
1830 South Boulder Highway  
Henderson, NV 89002

36°01.27266' N 114°57.679' W

This is a complex rather than a solitary building housing a museum. Thirty acres in all. The Jilly Bean exhibit showcases Nevada hard rock mining in general and southern Nevada in particular. Invertebrate marine fossils are featured in another display. These can still be collected in parts of southern Nevada. Specimens include trilobites, sponges, crinoids, and brachiopods.

El Dorado Canyon Mine Tours  
16880 NV-165  
Searchlight, NV 89046  
702-291-0026

35°42.611' N 114°48.225' W

“Eldorado Canyon Mine Tours is based in Eldorado Canyon at the historic Techatticup Mine. It's the oldest, richest and most famous gold mine in Southern Nevada. Just 45 minutes from the

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Strip in Las Vegas. We provide historic mine tours, photo shoots, movie backdrops and canoe/kayak rentals.”

Tours go out from the picturesque road stop, Nelson, Nevada. Despite the address, they are not in Searchlight. A maps provided at the website. Nelson is a collection of old buildings, rusting cars, ancient mining equipment, old gasoline station signs, and every kind of now collectible discard from generations ago. A great location for trying out one’s camera lenses and shooting techniques. Call to make sure mine tours are on.

<https://eldoradocanyonminetours.com/mine-tours.html>

The First Lode Mine in Nevada

Mormon pioneers settled present day Las Vegas in 1855. With the help of a Paiute guide, a small scouting party discovered what was eventually called the Potosi Mine in the nearby Spring Mountains. It produced lead, although it smelted poorly. The ore proved unsatisfactory in the main, never-the-less, on the return to Utah two years later, several tons of it were hauled 450 miles across the Great Basin to Salt Lake. The ore was eventually used to make tools, paint, and bullets. Later miners successfully developed a zinc mine at the Potosi. Fluorescent mineral collectors, therefore, may be interested in the area, check land status first. The entire area eventually become the Potosi Mining District. A Nevada Historical Marker stands along Nevada Route 160 commemorating the efforts of these early miners.

The mine itself is on a rugged off-pavement road in an area with no cell phone coverage.

36°00.062' N 115°29.125' W (Marker location)

Gold Butte National Monument

36°43.906' N 114°13.088' W — Crossroads of Gold Butte Road and HWY 170

This 300,000-acre National Monument allows casual collecting of rocks and minerals. It’s said that Gold Butte offers a tremendous variety of minerals but none in paying quantities. Materials previously mined include gold, mica, silver, lead, magnetite, copper and zinc. A century ago, the Gold Butte area had a recognized mining district. Jim Boone’s site is the best guide to this remote, service-free area. Past president of The Friends of Gold Butte, Boone describes rock art, wildlife, cultural resources, camping opportunities, and much more.

<https://birdandhike.com>

Do not expect to average more than fifteen miles per hour on Gold Butte’s roads. This makes it difficult to experience the area as a day trip, since one has to drive hours to get to the Monument’s interior. It is really best for camping, preferably several days. Bring everything needed. Avoid summer. Large RVs are not recommended as the roads are too jarring to handle hour after hour. The Friends of Gold Butte produces the best map.

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

<https://www.blm.gov/programs/national-conservation-lands/nevada/gold-butte>

Friends of Gold Butte

12 West Mesquite Boulevard, Suite 106

Mesquite, NV 89027

702-613-5875 – telephone number for the Friends, not necessarily the center

36°48.218' N 114°04.110' W

This center relates the “The geology, ecology, and human habitation of Gold Butte.” Sells the latest and most detailed Gold Butte map. Absolutely essential for travel in the Monument. But it may not be available online and the center is closed on weekends. E-mail or call first.

<https://www.friendsofgoldbutte.org/>

### **Esmeralda County (Goldfield)**

Located at the northern boundary of the Southwest is Goldfield, Nevada. Goldfield is Esmeralda’s County seat, the county having no more than 4,000 citizens. Goldfield is wonderfully picturesque and quiet. Wild burros, sometimes antelope in the fields. No gas. Fuel up in Beatty or Tonopah before arriving.

Gemfield Nevada Chalcedony Rock Hounding Site

Near Goldfield, Nevada off of U.S. 95

37°44.370' N 117°17.642' W (Claim information board)

The Gemfield Gem claims are a premier source of chalcedony, quartz of many banded and swirling colors. Makes for fine cabochons and tumbling material. Well graded road leading to the claim area, entry sign prominently marked along U.S. 95. No large RVs but passenger vehicles will have no problems.

These claims have a long and storied history. This author wrote about them in the May, 2016 issue of Rock&Gem Magazine. The owners are Sharon Artlip and her sister Nadiah Beekum, with rock shop Bryan Smalley assisting. All details and directions are at the claim’s website:

<http://www.gemfieldnv.com>

This is a self-directed fee-dig operating under the honor system. Rocks are \$1.00 a pound. Register before proceeding to the claim at Wild Inspirations or at Hidden Treasures Trading Company at 489 Bellevue Avenue.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Please note that Sharon is open to custom tumbling. The ground at the claim is littered with small pieces that make for fine tumbles. Spend several hours at the claim to make sure you find the spots where green, red, light blue, and cream-colored stones appear.

Wild Inspirations  
306 Crook Avenue  
P.O. Box 121  
Goldfield, NV 89013  
775-485-3789

37°42.560' N 117°14.284' W

[Wildinspirations@outlook.com](mailto:Wildinspirations@outlook.com)

Has some rocks, some collected by them. You can register here for digging at the Gemfield Claims. This building was formerly Sharon's and still has "Gemfield Headquarters" at the top of the building.

Hidden Treasures Trading Company  
489 Bellevue Avenue  
P.O. Box 512  
Goldfield, NV 89013  
775-485-3761  
775-485-3485

37°42.220' N 117°14.066' W

<https://www.facebook.com/HiddenTreasuresTradingCo/>

[bsmalleyhiddentreasure@gmail.com](mailto:bsmalleyhiddentreasure@gmail.com)

Bryan Smalley runs one of the Southwest's most eclectic rock and gift shops. He is expert on local rockhounding and accomplished at cutting and lapidary. He does knapping and can talk authoritatively on making flintlock strikers from locally collected chalcedony. It is sometimes difficult to find him at his shops, three buildings in total.

Ask locals where Bryan is if you can't find him. Try the Dinky Diner. Goldfield citizens won't mind your asking; they are quite friendly. Bryan has a minimal web presence since he focuses on finding rocks and cutting same. And making doors and entire buildings. Make sure to stop when investigating the Gemfield Gem claims. Tell him Tom said "Hi" and if you have a rock that needs cutting, ask him if he has the time. Oh, and buy something!

Florence and Rustler #2 Mine Tours

Call or text for information and reservations:

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

James Aurich: 702-622-0500

Jon Aurich: 702-622-1344

Guided surface and underground tours by appointment. The surface tour views head frames, hoist houses, the black shop and more. Great views of the surrounding country, pockmarked like the moon with old mines the craters. One mile from Goldfield on an easy dirt road. Private residence on site. Those with mobility issues should bring up their condition with the owners before visiting.

This page linked below contains photos and mine history. Information on the Florence exists in different places on the web, including [Mindat.org](http://Mindat.org).

<https://www.yelp.com/biz/florence-mining-company-goldfield-4>

### **Lincoln County (Pioche)**

Clover Mountains Wilderness Area

Twelve miles south of Caliente off of State Route 317 lies the Clover Mountains Wilderness Area. Rhyolite in shades of, pink, yellow, red, orange and brown. Look for petroglyphs and pictographs.

37°24.338' N 114°19.618' W (Center of WA)

BLM Oak Springs Trilobite Site

Highway 93 (The Great Basin Highway)

Caliente, NV 89008

775-726-8100

37°36.821' N 114°42.681' W

BLM managed collecting site open to the public free of charge. Mostly partial trilobites here but finding a full bug will take luck, patience, and time. No services but well-marked trail. The site is not in Caliente but 11 miles west near the Oak Springs Summit. A brick hammer works better than a geologist's pick for splitting shale.

### **Mineral County (Hawthorne)**

Rock Chuck Gem and Mineral Gallery

4045 S. Highway 95

Schurz, Nevada 89427

760-978-4567

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

<https://rockchucknevada.com>

My fuller description with an interactive Google Map:

<https://southwestrockhounding.com/2019/04/30/rockchuck-gem-mineral-gallery-in-schurz-nevada/>

This is the store of John and Chelsea Keady. Rock Chuck isn't in the Southwest but it is a mandatory stop leaving or approaching the Southwest. It is outside of Schurz, Nevada, a tiny town 34 miles north of Hawthorne, Nevada, 90 miles south of Reno. Their store is at the intersection of South Highway 95 (Alternative) and US-95 itself.

Chelsea and John are miners, lapidary artists, rockhounds, and all-around good people. Bryan Smalley affectionately refers to them as "The Kids." These young people signal a bright future for the rock and gem trade.

They built their store themselves and everything that goes in it. They sell material they have either personally sourced or dug themselves. That includes Green Mist variscite and Hellfire agate. They carry many local rocks and gem material and fashion much of that into jewelry. John and Kelsea sell ready-made jewelry at the shop and they are always ready to do commission work.

The Keady's are now keeping the store open more often. Call first, though, to make sure they are there, and not off on one of their claims. If you can't visit them at the shop, you might catch them at Quartzsite in January. They try to get there each year.

This store is a memorable stop on any drive from Las Vegas to Reno, or on any travel through central Nevada. Rock Chuck is big on Facebook so check them out there if you want to keep up with their latest happenings. They have a nice dog.

[\[back to rock shop list\]](#)

## **Nye County (Pahrump)**

BLM Pahrump Field Office  
4701 North Torrey Pines Drive  
Las Vegas, NV 89130  
702-515-5000

36°14.718' N 115°14.038' W

Nye Gold Seekers

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Pahrump Valley Museum  
401 E. Basin Ave.  
Pahrump, NV 89060  
775 751-8613

36°13.172' N 116°00.335' W

Great gold prospecting club with a Johnnie Mining District claim. Their general meetings are held at 2:00 PM on the third Saturday of the month except for June, July and August. The address listed above is for their meeting place. Local club membership is great, especially for newcomers. Learn on productive ground from the old-timers. Drywashing, metal detecting, panning, are all things you can learn at a club.

<https://nyegoldseekers.webs.com>

### The Tonopah Historic Mining Park

Tonopah Historic Mining Park  
110 Burro Avenue  
P.O. Box 965  
Tonopah, NV 89049  
775- 482-9274

38°04.136' N 117°13.801' W

<http://www.tonpahhistoricminingpark.com/index.html>

Tonopah was America's last great gold and silver strike. You've heard about the Gold Rush of 1849, the Comstock, and the Klondike. But there was also Tonopah in 1900 and for years thereafter. The visitor center and the park grounds highlight this stupendous and spectacular hunt for those precious metals at the turn of the century. Five-dollar admission.

The park is right behind the extremely comfortable and period correct Mizpah Hotel. The entrance road is best approached in larger vehicles by Burro Street. The visitor center parking lot has room for two or three RVs and the exit road is a pull-through, so there is no worry about having to back up.

The grounds offer a self-guided tour. Pick up a map at the visitor center which also houses a terrific rock, gem, and mineral museum. As for the grounds, hiking the park at 6,000 feet can be tough at times but take it slow and bring some water. Great opportunities for photographs. For those out of shape or mobility challenged, tours on a Polaris with a guide can be arranged. Call for current availability and charges.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

After a visit, top your tank since the nearest gas stations are 100 miles north and south of town. Also consider visiting the Central Nevada Museum before you leave, the city's best kept secret. They do have rocks.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

### New Mexico [\[back to top\]](#)

Rockhounding New Mexico by Ruta Vaskys and Martin Freed is an essential guide to collecting sites. A Falcon book. Watch for tribal land when traveling in any state in the Four Corners Area. These sovereign nations must be respected: no rockhounding, no traveling off main roads, no hiking or exploring without express permission and perhaps a guide. An excellent road map of the Navajo and Hopi Nations is produced by North Star Mapping of Scottsdale, Arizona. Some nav devices like my Garmin Montana 650 tell me when I am on tribal land, but only the bigger reservations and pueblos.

### **Bernalillo County (Albuquerque)**

Mama's Minerals  
800 20th St NW  
Albuquerque, NM 87104  
505-266-8443

35°06.011' N 106°40.028' W

Mama's is a leading New Mexico rock shop, two stores, actually, the other in Santa Fe.

University of New Mexico  
Earth & Planetary Sciences  
The Silver Family Geology Museum (Northrop Hall, Room #124)  
Albuquerque, NM 87106  
505-277-4204

35°04.996' N 106°37.370' W

Geology museum. One exhibit features rocks and minerals from the Harding Pegmatite Mine, worth seeing before visiting that site. Wide range of materials displayed including a fluorescent room. A hallway on the first floor also has some nice displays but at last visit were poorly lit. Bring a flashlight.

New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science  
1801 Mountain Road NW  
Albuquerque, NM 87104  
505-841-2800

35°05.901' N 106°39.953' W

<http://www.nmnaturalhistory.org>

Natural history museum. Life on earth and possibly beyond. Exhibits on dinosaurs, fossils, space sciences and more. Perfect for kids.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

### **Cibola County (Grants)**

New Mexico Mining Museum  
100 Iron Avenue  
Grants, NM 87020  
505-287-4802

35°09.223' N 107°51.278' W

<https://www.facebook.com/newmexicominingmuseum/>

This is New Mexico's official mining museum, the counterpart to the state's Mineral Museum two hours south in Socorro. The focus here is on the working end of mining. Emphasizes life in Grants and Cibola Counties when the uranium boom hit in the 1950s.

### **Chaves County (Roswell)**

Ancients of Days  
127 N Main Street  
Roswell, New Mexico 88203  
575-623-2222

33°23.656' N 104°31.341' W

<https://ancientsofdays.net/>

Eclectic rock shop and source for information on finding "Pecos Diamonds" on nearby BLM land. Close to the International UFO Museum and Research Center.

### **Doña Ana County (Las Cruces)**

Organ Mountains-Desert Peaks National Monument

Non-commercial collecting allowed as of this writing.<sup>3</sup> This according to Colin R. Dunn, Paleontologist/Geologist for Prehistoric Pathways and Organ MT-Desert Peaks National Monuments.

32°19.555' N 106°33.390' W — Center of Monument area

Rockhounding in the northern Organ Mountains was featured in the August, 2019 issue of Rock&Gem Magazine. Robert Beard wrote the article entitled "Northern Organ Mountains." It describes looking for garnets, calcite, and malachite.

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<sup>3</sup> Personal correspondence with BLM Paleontologist/Geologist Colin R. Dun on September 17, 2018

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

### BLM

Las Cruces District Office  
1800 Marquess Street  
Las Cruces, NM 88005  
575-525-4454

32°17.265' N 106°46.621' W

Manages the above listed National Monuments.

<https://www.blm.gov/office/las-cruces-district-office>

### Eddy County (Carlsbad)

Carlsbad Caverns National Park

32°10.839' N 104°26.674' W

Internationally known cave complex.

Cerrillos Turquoise Mining Museum  
17 Waldo Street  
Cerrillos, NM 87010  
505-438-3008

35°26.230' N 106°07.656' W

[www.casagrandetradingpost.com](http://www.casagrandetradingpost.com)

Mine tour is \$60.00. No collecting.

<http://www.cerrillosturquoise.com/cerrillos-turquoise-mine-tour>

### Luna County (Deming)

Deming Gem and Mineral Society  
575-546-2554  
4200 Raymond Reed Blvd.  
Deming, NM 88030

<http://www.thedgmsclub.com>

Well worth joining if visiting this great collecting area.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Rockhound State Park  
9880 Stirrup Road SE  
Deming, NM 88030  
575-546-6182

32°12.458' N 107°37.531' W

“This is the only place in New Mexico and one of only two places in the U.S. where you can take something from a state park,” says Manager Robert Apodaca to the Albuquerque Journal. “The most prevalent thing that’s readily available for surface collecting is jasper.” Visitors to the park also find geodes and thunder eggs, perlite and quartz, Apodaca says.

Ask on arrival whether anything beyond surface collecting is permitted. Has steep, cactus-studded hills. May need to watch where the kids play. A great place to camp for a few days of hiking and rockhounding. Bring boots! The visitor center has a good rock collection showing what might be found for those putting in the time.

Stop at the rock shop described below for possible park collecting advice. Please buy something from the owner if he helps you with directions.

A park map is here:

<http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/spd/documents/RHPARKMAPS.pdf>

<http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/spd/rockhoundstatepark.html>

The Basin Range Volcanics Geolapidary Museum  
6235 Stirrup Road SE  
Deming, NM 88030  
575-546-4021

32°11.678' N 107°38.768' W

Just before the entrance to Rockhound State Park is this gem of a rock shop. Christopher is the proprietor here and an expert all things thunder eggs and geodes. Although he doesn’t sell geodes from Rockhound State Park, he did contribute samples for the Visitor Center’s rock display. And he may have hints as to where to look in the Park. Take in a park map to make any directions easier to follow.

<http://www.zianet.com/geodekid/index.html>

Black Hat Trading  
2785 US-180

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Deming, NM 88030  
575-494-4693

32°17.705' N 107°46.008'

Recommended by Christopher of the Basin Range Volcanics Geolapidary Museum.

<https://www.facebook.com/BlackHatTrading/>

Trina's Rock Shop  
1812 Columbus Rd.  
Deming, NM 88030  
575-546-0348

32°15.048' N 107°45.112' W

Recommended by Christopher of the Basin Range Volcanics Geolapidary Museum.

<https://www.trinasrockshop.com/shop/>

### **Otero County (Alamogordo)**

Orogrande District

32°27.616' N 106°06.483' W

Over 300 mines existed in the District at one time and it is said that gold can still be found. Tiffany & Company owned a turquoise mine in the area which has been completely reclaimed. Commercial operators now pursue copper and garnet. Many mining claims exist but some ground is open. Check the Locating Open Ground Chapter for how to search.

### **Quay County (Tucumcari)**

Dinosaur Museum and Natural Science Laboratory  
Mesa Lands Community College  
222 East Laughlin Street, Building F  
Tucumcari, NM 88401  
575-461-3466

35°10.423' N 103°43.431' W

[www.mesalands.edu/community/dinosaur-museum/](http://www.mesalands.edu/community/dinosaur-museum/)

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

### **Rio Arriba (Santa Fe)**

Chimayo Rocks  
416-A North, Riverview Lane  
Española, NM 87532  
505-614-4615

35°59.713' N 106°04.088' W

A relatively new shop offering rockhounds guidance to collecting spots. This is a logical stop while traveling north from Santa Fe or Albuquerque to visit the Harding Pegmatite Mine.

<https://www.facebook.com/Chimayo-Rocks-1993258240942785/>

Mama's Minerals Santa Fe / Laura Randolph Gallery  
100 E San Francisco St  
Santa Fe, NM 87501  
505-988-1651

35°41.203' N 105°56.268' W

Mineral and fossil gallery. Rocks, beads and more. Located at the La Fonda Hotel on the Santa Fe Plaza. The sister store to their Albuquerque location. May be changing.

### **Roosevelt County (Portales)**

Miles Mineral Museum  
Dr. Jim Constantopoulos  
Director and Curator  
Eastern New Mexico University  
1500 S Avenue K  
Portales, NM 88130  
575-562-2651

34°10.501' N 103°20.815' W

Museum located in Roosevelt Hall, Room 103. Fred Miles and his wife publicized and collected local quartz crystals called Pecos Valley Diamonds. The Miles Collection is a product of 40 years of collecting.

Google the Museum's website.

### **Socorro County (Socorro)**

Otero's Gem & Mineral Rock Shop

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

105 1st Street  
Magdalena, NM 87825  
Magdalena, NM

575-740-4996  
575-854-2324

34°07.150' 107°14.163' W

Rough, cabs, jewelry. Many findings made by a native woman silversmith. High quality smithsonite.

Kelly Mine Fee/Dig, coordinated by:

Tony's Rock Shop  
911 Kelly Road  
Magdalena, NM 87825

.

(575) 854-2401

\$10 fee charged when this was written. Once well noted for smithsonite, a zinc mineral. Tailings and property grounds have been heavily scoured over the years. But any ground that you haven't worked hasn't really been scoured, has it? Bring UV lamps as zinc is an activator for fluorescence. Some success reported off the dumps.

Picturesque mine grounds, well worth a visit. Short drive from Tony's up the hill to the mine. Note the street signs, keep left. The road deteriorates quickly after the Catholic Church, consider parking when available and walking in. Bennie presently owns Tony's. Ask other shop owners about his location if he can't be found at his store. Which basically looks like a house.

Mark Leatherman writes about his visit in "Socorro's Mineral Cornucopia" which appeared in the March, 2019 issue of Rock&Gem Magazine. Have you subscribed yet?

Mineral Museum  
New Mexico Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources  
New Mexico Tech  
801 Leroy Place  
Socorro, NM 87801  
575-835-5140

34°04.106' N 106°54.253' W

<http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/museum/>

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

My Mineral Museum Photo gallery at Patreon here:

<https://www.patreon.com/posts/30411170>

This is the state mineral museum for New Mexico. It focuses on rocks, gems, and minerals. It is a counterpart to New Mexico's mining museum in Grants. Excellent displays, a small ultraviolet room and a wonderful gift shop focusing on New Mexico gems and minerals. That shop is in the main room. Only a few feet away from the entrance to the museum is another shop that sells books. Make sure to look for it. Between these two stores, you will wind up buying many things.

“The main exhibit hall, constructed in 2015, highlights top-quality minerals from New Mexico, the United States, and around the world. Over 5,000 mineral specimens are displayed in the main gallery. Spectacular mineral specimens from mining districts like Magdalena, Organ, and Santa Rita (to name a few), are presented in thematic displays illustrating the mineral wealth of each locality. Other thematic displays include Systematic Mineralogy, Uranium Mining of New Mexico, Lapidary, Gold & Silver, Agates & Geodes, Meteorites, and Petrified Wood. The New Acquisitions case highlights recent additions to the collection from generous donors.”

Blanchard Rock Shop/Desert Rose Mine  
2972 Hwy 380  
Bingham, NM 87832  
575-423-3235

33°53.334' N 106°22.452' W

Website

[www.blanchardrockshop.com](http://www.blanchardrockshop.com)

Facebook page

<https://www.facebook.com/theblanchardrockshop/>

Great YouTube video

<https://youtu.be/pfPf-Af7-Jo>

My Blanchard photo gallery at Patreon:

<https://www.patreon.com/posts/30398908>

There's a joke that Bingham isn't the end of the world but that it can be seen from there. The Blanchard Rock Shop is Bingham; there are no other stores or services. Bingham is an abandoned town site, not a town. Fuel up in Socorro or at tiny San Antonio, New Mexico before visiting Blanchard's. Take a look at the Rio Grande River if you stop at San Antonio.

Blanchard is on Highway 380, seventeen miles east of the turnoff to the White Sands Missile Range. This makes it convenient to visit Blanchard's on the same day the Trinity Site is open, an event that happens only twice a year. Speaking of which, Allison sells authentic trinitite.



## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Genuine trinitite is expensive but don't miss a chance to pick up a piece of history. Bring small bills. Lots of them.

Go anytime to Bingham to enjoy beautiful scenery and to visit the shop. The Desert Rose Mine is nearby. Fluorite is big here, with galena, barite, quartz, and calcite also present. A day-use pass is \$20 a person and directions are given at the store. That \$20 does not include rocks. Allison will look through any findings and determine a price for individual pieces. She also sells rocks from the mine.

Allison is a modern-day, pioneering woman. With her grit, spunk, determination, and personality, she has succeeded in successfully running a business in a remote location where others would surely fail. Call before going. And ask her if she needs anything from town. Seriously, they are that far out.

White Sands National Monument, Trinity Site

My Trinity photo gallery at Patreon:

<https://www.patreon.com/posts/30392061>

Reliable information:

[https://www.army.mil/article/226795/trinity\\_site\\_open\\_house\\_set\\_for\\_oct\\_5](https://www.army.mil/article/226795/trinity_site_open_house_set_for_oct_5)

<https://www.wsmr.army.mil/Trinity/Pages/Home.aspx>

<https://www.nps.gov/whsa/learn/historyculture/trinity-site.htm>

Open twice a year, once in Spring, once in Fall.

White Sands was the location of the first atomic bomb explosion and it is only open twice a year to visitors. Next day is October 5th. Fascinating place, complete details on the web. Have a full tank of gas as you will be idling in a long line of cars and you'll have quite a distance back to Socorro. If possible, top off your tank at the little town of San Antonio, New Mexico on I-380 before heading the final miles to White Sands. By-the-way, it's a short walk to a bridge over the Rio Grande at San Antonio, fine views of the river.

Take proof of registration, insurance, and don't get going too early. Cars are permitted entrance until 2:00 PM and the longest line of cars will be when the gates first open. Wait a few hours, say, 11:00 AM. Do not take pictures while driving the ten or fifteen miles across the missile range to the Site, only photograph at Trinity. The guards will probably remind you.

Upon arrival at the parking area, you can walk about a quarter mile to the obelisk or you can take a shuttle bus that runs to the Schmidt/McDonald Ranch House. "The ranch house is where the scientists assembled the plutonium core of the bomb. Visitors will also be able to experience

what life was like for a ranch family in the early 1940s.” I did not take that bus last October, the logistics seemed complicated because I was trying to get to Blanchard’s after Trinity.

The blast produced trinitite, a green material the result of tremendous heat melting the desert sand. Little pieces get exposed after every rain but you are not allowed to keep it. There are people watching, and if you stop too many times to tie your shoes, you may get a tap on the shoulder. You may, however, hunt for it and then turn it in. Good activity for the kids. There will be a table with many pieces on display and a knowledgeable person who can explain the stuff and its history. After your visit you can go to Blanchard’s down the road. Allison sells authentic, documented trinitite.

## **Taos County (Taos)**

### **Harding Pegmatite Mine**

The Harding Pegmatite Mine is a former rare minerals quarry located in Taos County. Now maintained by the University of New Mexico, the Pegmatite Mine is open to rockhounds for no fee. Five pounds of material may be taken provided guidelines are followed. Large groups must pay a fee and they need to call ahead.

Visitors must fill out a release form available at the mine’s website. Follow the University’s instructions exactly as it will be necessary to fetch the caretaker before entering the mine. The road to the first mine gate is short and passable by passenger vehicles. Parking is extremely limited at this first gate. No trailers or RVs. If the gate is open, a larger parking lot is farther along the road.

Pegmatites are unusual and interesting rocks igneous rocks, originating from volcanic activity. At the Harding Mine, white sparkling rock is all around, some with pink tints, often with gray or darker inclusions. The pegmatite is the white rock, the various colors and inclusions the minerals. These can be quite unusual, needing an expert to identify them. Bityite, eucryptite, and fluorapatite are some. More common is the pink tinged lepidolite.

A lepidolite tinged rock showing nice pink coloring is a challenging but satisfying project on a warm day in the beautiful hill country of Taos. If possible, bring a short wave and longwave lamp, along with a barbecue lid cover. Hunting fluorescent rocks enlarges searching beyond what appears in daylight.

Print the “Walking Tour for the Harding Pegmatite Mine” file before visiting. It references the numbered markers that are spotted about the quarry.

If possible, a tour of the old quarry should start at the University of New Mexico in Albuquerque. Northrop Hall, home to UNM’s Department of Earth & Planetary Sciences. A museum in Room 124 displays specimens from the mine. A dimly lit case on the first floor also exhibits specimens, including a large chunk of beryl. In that case, notice how one rock seems to intergrade with others. The rose muscovite, the lepidolite, and the spodumene all seem variations

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

on a theme. What's not obvious is the sparkling nature of some of the rocks, which comes into play in bright light.

The mine's entrance off Highway 75 is on a strong uphill grade and is difficult to find. There is no sign indicating the mine road, save for a small wood plaque on a juniper asking people to pack out their trash. On a fair day, you will be caught up in looking at the surrounding countryside. This is the land D.H. Lawrence fell in love with and you will, too.

36°11.890' N 105°47.346' W

This link is for the mine tour.pdf and the release form:

<http://epswww.unm.edu/harding-mine/>

The Taos hill country surrounding the mine is populated with artist studios, wineries, and scattered Indian Pueblos. In the fall, cottonwoods blaze yellow along streams and other watercourses. It is a delight in fair weather. Iceland spar may still exist in the area, check [Mindat.org](http://Mindat.org) for possible locations and [MyLandMatters.org](http://MyLandMatters.org) for land status.

LaTierra Mineral Gallery  
124K Bent Street  
Taos, NM 87571  
575-758-0101

36°24.530' N 105°34.446' W

<http://latierragallery.com>

### **Roosevelt County (Portales)**

Miles Mineral Museum  
Eastern New Mexico University  
Roosevelt Hall, Room 103  
1500 S. Avenue K  
Portales, NM 88130  
575-562-2651

34°10.766' N 103°20.880' W

Google the Museum's website.

Some meteorite specimens on display. Those thinking they have discovered a meteorite are invited to bring it in for verification. Meteorites are rare and most findings do not prove out.

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

### Southern Utah [\[back to top\]](#)

No other state show rock formations better than Utah, save Northern Arizona. Southern Utah's National Parks and the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument reveal countless bold and colorful sandstone layered cliffs. These are all off limits to collecting but they provide a great geology education when using the ROCKD app of Macrostrat.org.

Utah charges a \$10 fee for rockhounding on Utah's trust lands. These are, to make it simple, state land where collecting is not otherwise prohibited. These lands are scattered throughout Utah in a random checkerboard fashion. Check MyLandMatters.org to view at home. In the field, boundaries are impossible to determine. Send Utah their \$10.00.

<https://trustlands.utah.gov/business-groups/mining/rockhounding-information/>

### Garfield County (Panguitch)

Geologist James Wilson says this south-central county hosts volcanic rocks in the Markagunt Plateau, the Sevier Plateau, the Aquarius Plateau, at Boulder Mountain and in the Henry Mountains. Widespread sedimentary rocks result in agate, gypsum, petrified wood, and fossils.<sup>4</sup>

Dixie National Forest  
Supervisor's Office and Cedar City Ranger District  
1789 N Wedgewood Lane  
Cedar City, UT 84721

435-865-3700 (SO)  
435-865-3200 (CCRD)

37°42.630' N 113°03.478' W

Free Dixie National Forest Maps at the Ranger District Door. The Dixie sits in parts of six counties, including Garfield, Washington, and Iron. Kane, Wayne, and Piute counties have less forested land than the others.

State Hwy 14 runs generally east/west through the Dixie. No guide lists collection sites along that stretch. This author, however, found a nice agate scrap and an unidentified rock with crystals in five minutes by simply stopping at this random pullout:

37°29.496' N 112°36.966' W

The Panguitch Lake area further north is more solidly recommended for agates.

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<sup>4</sup> Wilson, James. A Collector's Guide to Rock, Mineral & Fossil Localities of Utah (Salt Lake City: Utah Geological Survey, 1995) 78

### **Iron County (Cedar City)**

Iron County is named for the magnetite hosted in the rocks of the Iron Springs Mining District west of Cedar City. That area has quite a bit of unclaimed BLM managed land. The Cedar City area, though, is best known for agates including fingerprint agate near Enoch.

The Southern Utah Rock Club  
497 N. 100 W  
Cedar City, UT 84721

37°41.213' N 113°03.876' W

<http://www.southernutahrockclub.org/>

The gracious and generous Lynn Dalton well represents this club's membership. SURC's lapidary shop is in Cedar City, club meetings alternate between St. George and Cedar City. Join if at all contemplating Utah rockhounding. Fellow club members may welcome a traveling rockhound, possibly showing places to collect.

Cedar Rock & Bead Shop  
718 W 400 N #4  
Cedar City, UT 84721  
435-275-4445

37°41.090' N 113°04.381' W

Rocks, minerals, and beads.

<http://cedarrockshop.com>

### **Kane County (Kanab)**

“Kane County lies along the Utah-Arizona border. The rocks that occur here are almost all Mesozoic sedimentary rocks and are likely to yield fossils, agate, and petrified wood. Kane County is best known for the occurrence of septarian nodules which are hollow and lined with calcite crystals.”<sup>5</sup>

Joe's Rock Shop  
425 E 100th N or HWY 89@100 N  
P.O. Box 116  
Orderville, UT 84758

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<sup>5</sup> Ibid. 94

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

435-648-2737

37°16.671' N 112°37.818' W

<https://www.facebook.com/joesrockshoputah/>

<http://stores.ebay.com/rocksrusUTAH>

Family run since at least 1952, specializing in digging, cutting, and polishing septarian nodules, petrified wood and more. Rough and finished stones of all types. Custom rock cutting done. Septarian nodules are limestone rocks filled with calcite and aragonite. Decorative patterns are revealed when cut open. Some show crystals from the outside. Orderville is the most famous locality for these uncommon stones. The owners provide local rockhounding directions when asked. They also ship by mail and are closed in the winter.

The Orderville Mine Rock Shop  
US-89  
Orderville, UT 84758

37°16.316' N 112°38.970' W

Open when visited but the owner may be contemplating a sale.

<http://ordervillemine.tripod.com>

Fisher's Rock Shop and Jewelry  
400 W State St  
Orderville, UT, 84758

435-648-2255

37°16.583' N 112°38.435' W

May be closing.

The Rock Stop  
385 West State Street  
Orderville, UT 84758

435-0648-2747

37°16.330' N 112°38.883' W

By Thomas Farley: <https://www.patreon.com/writingrockhound>

Rock shop in the form of a rock. Really. It cannot be missed when going through Orderville. This author guarantees that. Wide variety of material. They ship.

<http://therockstoputah.com/index.html>

A “glamping” campground with Yurts was operating across US-89 from Joe’s Rock Shop when I visited. This area is picturesque and somewhat close to Zion. Maynard Dixon’s home and a museum to him is further down the road in Mt. Carmel. If you don’t know who Maynard Dixon is, I weep for you.

<https://www.thunderbirdfoundation.com/information/visit/tours/>

Western Hills  
288 West Center  
Kanab, UT 8741  
435-644-2390

37°02.916' N 112°32.085' W

Large size picture sandstone is a specialty, these wall art sizes amazing in beauty. Small fossil specimens. Nice figurines made from septarian nodules. Unusual sandstone coasters that absorb the water of a sweaty glass. The shop is right on 89 as one drives through Kanab.

<http://www.westernhills.com>

“ROCKD” App Demonstration in Kanab

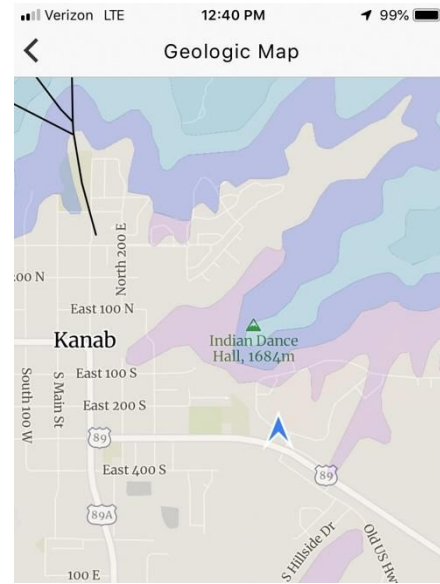
BLM’s Visitor Center for the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument, sometimes called the Kanab Visitor Center, is located at 745 East Highway 89 south of Kanab.

Looking north from the BLM parking lot, a prominent peak of many layers rises up. Using the [Macrostrat.org](http://Macrostrat.org) app called ROCKD, this point is identified as Indian Dance Hall at 1,684 meters. (Not all features are named.)

Clicking on the gray layer reveals alluvium as the ground floor. On the rock itself, the pink marked Chinle Formation is at the lowest level. Next higher comes the Moenave Formation. Highest of them all, and possibly out of view, the Kayenta Formation. Each formation’s identification comes with detailed explanations as to what rocks make them up, their age, and the potential for fossils.



# Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States



x, y, z      -112.5150, 37.0463 | 1541m / 5056ft

## Chinle Formation, upper part (Owl Rock, Petrified Rock, Monitor Butte Mbrs)

**Age:** Late Triassic (237 - 201.3 Ma)

**Stratigraphic name:** Chinle Formation

**Description:** Picturesque, varicolored and banded mudstone, claystone, sandstone, siltstone, limestone, and conglomerate; generally forms a steep slope; prone to landsliding that commonly involves the overlying Dinosaur Canyon Member of the Moenave Formation; locally contains petrified wood and siliceous nodules; 130 to 240 m (425-800 ft) thick.

**Reference:** Doelling, H.H. (compiler), 2008, *Geologic map of the Kanab 30'x60' quadrangle*: Utah Geological Survey Miscellaneous.

## Chinle Formation

**Reference:** Macrostrat.org

x, y, z      -112.3080, 37.0607 | 1674m / 5492ft

## Moenave Formation

**Age:** Late Triassic - Early Jurassic (237 - 174.1 Ma)

**Stratigraphic name:** Moenave Formation

**Description:** Generally red-orange to brown sandstone, siltstone, and shale; sandstone is mostly fine grained and commonly forms ledges and cliffs; generally divisible into two or three members (not mapped separately): in descending order – Springdale Sandstone Member, Whitmore Point Member, and Dinosaur Canyon Member. At the time source mapping was done, the Springdale was a member of the Moenave Formation; it was recently reassigned to the Kayenta Formation (see discussion and references in Biek and Hylland, 2007); the Springdale Sandstone generally forms cliffs and with the main body of the Kayenta Formation forms the Vermilion Cliffs of the Grand Staircase. In the west part of the quadrangle, the Whitmore Point Member forms a slope or a recess beneath the Springdale Sandstone and commonly

## **San Juan (Monticello)**

San Juan County in Utah's southeastern corner has a variety of materials. Wilson says the Abajo Mountains and part of the La Sal Mountains have igneous rocks but sedimentary rocks predominate in the county. Uranium mineralization occurs as well as copper deposits. Wilson recommended these areas many years ago: Northeast of La Sal Junction (agate), Chicken Corner Trail Area (marine fossils), Red House Cliffs (agate and algal balls), and the Joe Wilson Wash (agate).<sup>6</sup>

Manti-La Sal National Forest

USFS Monticello Ranger District  
496 East Central  
PO Box 820  
Monticello, UT 84535  
435-587-2041

37°52.353' N 109°21.111' W

National Forest spanning 1.2 million acres. Lightly claimed at last look of [MyLandMatters.org](http://MyLandMatters.org). Might be worthwhile exploring.

<https://www.fs.usda.gov/main/mantilasal/home>

## **Washington County (St. George)**

BLM Arizona Strip Office  
345 E Riverside Dr.  
St. George, UT 84790  
435-688-3200

37°04.986' N 113°34.611' W

<https://www.blm.gov/office/arizona-strip-district-office>

Listed under Arizona. They may have Utah maps.

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<sup>6</sup> Ibid. 114-115

## Places to Visit or Collect in the Southwestern United States

Saint George Dinosaur Discovery Site at Johnson Farm  
2180 E Riverside Drive  
St. George, UT 84790  
435-574-3466

37°06.091' N 113°32.090' W

<https://utahdinosaurs.com>

The Saint George Dinosaur Discovery site (SGDS) is a must stop for rockhounds, amateur geologists, dinosaur enthusiasts, and kids of all ages. It is a place to look, study, and in some cases touch dinosaur tracks and fossils. At SGDS you can see in an hour what might take a paleontologist a lifetime to discover. Good ripple mark displays, movement of ancient water left in stone. Many Southwest desert washes have ripple marks and one should be able to recognize them. Excellent geology room with many representative rocks of the area.

Silver Reef Museum  
Silver Reef, UT (townsite)  
1903 Wells Fargo Road  
Leeds, UT 84746

37°15.196' N 113°22.006' W

<http://www.silverreefutah.org/>

Detailed driving directions at their website. 18 miles north of St. George near Leeds, UT.

This somewhat preserved townsite was only one of two locations in the world where silver was found in sandstone. Early miners had trouble getting investors because no one believed the occurrence could exist. Steve Voynick described the area and its mining in his June, 2015 *Rock&Gem Magazine* article "Silver Reef, Utah." The area is also noted for carnotite, a radioactive mineral, as well as copper. Private land all around. No collecting but great picture taking possibilities, especially when the townsite is open.

[\[back to top\]](#)

### Reading and Resources

Wilson, James. *A Collector's Guide to Rock, Mineral & Fossil Localities of Utah* (Salt Lake City: Utah Geological Survey, 1995) Free online but best in hardcopy.

Johnson, Robert. *Nevada-Utah Gem Atlas* (Susanville, California: Cy Johnson & Sons, 1978) 42-43

Overweight writer balancing on the  
Four Corners Monument

